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1. DISTRICT CONTEXT

Gachoka constituency is one of the two constituencies in Mbeere District. Mbeere District is one of 13 districts of the Eastern Province of Kenya.

1.1. Demographic Characteristics

District Population by Sex	Male	Female	Total
	81,885	89,068	170,953
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	47,677	47,143	94,820
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	34,208	41,925	76,133
Population Density (persons/Km ²)	82		

1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Mbeere District:

- Is the 7th most densely populated district in the province;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 72.1%, being ranked 6th in the province and 35th nationally;
- Has a secondary school enrolment rate of 23.5%, being ranked 7th in the province and 23rd nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, respiratory tract infections, skin diseases and infections, diarrhea diseases, and intestinal worms; and
- Has an absolute poverty incidence of 51%, being ranked 18th of the 47 districts ranked in the country.

Mbeere district has 2 constituencies: Gachoka and Siakago. Each of the MPs cover on average an area of 1,047 Km² to reach an average of 85,477 constituents.

2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

2.1. Socio-Economic profile

The controversial 53,000 acre Mwea settlement scheme is located in this constituency. Rice farming is the major economic activity.

2.2. Electioneering and Political Information

Politics in this area have been dominated by clanism with the Nyaga's dominating for almost three decades. During the December 2002 General Elections, the Gachoka seat was hotly contested but was won by the National Rainbow Coalition (Narc).

2.3. 1992 General Election Results

1992 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			46,759
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Norman Nyaga	DP	11,545	33.50
Elikana Muriuki	FORD-A	11,025	31.99
Joel Kitaka Maringa	KANU	8,801	25.54
Nduma Minigi	KNC	1,784	5.18
Beatrice Nyaga	FORD-K	1,308	3.80
<i>Total Valid Votes</i>		<i>34,463</i>	<i>100.00</i>
Rejected Votes		2,029	
Total Votes Cast		36,492	
% Turnout		78.04	
% Rejected/Cast		5.56	

2.4. 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			31,939
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Jeseph William Nyaga	KANU	10,147	40.73
Andrew Munyia Mbithi	UPPK	9,089	36.48
Elikana Muriuki Kagundu	FORD-P	3,382	13.57
Beatrice Kimani Nyaga	FORD K	984	3.81
Albert Mugire Njeru	SDP	943	3.79
Justin Gatiti Cingano	NDP	405	1.63
<i>Total Valid Votes</i>		<i>24,914</i>	<i>100.00</i>
Rejected Votes		181	
Total Votes Cast		25,095	
% Turnout		78.57	
% Rejected/Cast		0.72	

2.5. **Main Problems**

The major problems in this constituency have their roots in the settlement scheme where the Mbeere want the settlement subdivided in order to end long-standing wrangles over actual ownership. Other issues include water and good roads.

3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

3.1.1. Philosophy

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people’s knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums ‘to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission’s work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign’ - (sec. 12A (6)). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views ‘directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum’. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as an ‘open forum with no specific structures’, which should be ‘flexible and easy to manage’. Its opinion was that the ‘existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots’ (*The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997*, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the ‘facilitation’ of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF’s, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. **Functions of CCF**

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. **Functions of CCC**

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. **Date of Commencement of Work**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. **District Coordinators**

3.2.1. **Mandate/Terms of Reference**

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;

- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. **Criteria for Appointment**

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees **had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.**

4. **CIVIC EDUCATION**

Civic Education in the constituency was carried out between 26th February, 2002 and 21st May, 2002.

4.1. **Phases covered in Civic Education**

Stage one is the only phase that was covered. This is the stage preceding the collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. **Issues and areas covered included:**

- Preamble
- Emerging Constitutional issues
- Structure and Systems of Government
- Democracy and Human Rights
- Constitution making process
- Church, Politics and Governance
- Gender and Women's rights

5. CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS

5.1. Logistical Details

5.1.1. Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings

- a) Date(s): 20th and 21st May 2002
- b) Total Number of Days: 2

5.1.2. Venue

- c) Number of Venues: 2
- d) Venue(s): Karaba Tac Hall
Kiritiri Tac Hall

5.1.3. Panels

5.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number
Number of People Who Presented		126
Sex	Male	97
	Female	28
	Not Stated	1
Presenter Type	Individual	100
	Institutions	25
	Not Stated	1
Educational Background	Primary Level	37
	Secondary/High School Level	62
	College	5
	University	10
	None	0
	Not Stated	12
Form of Presentation	Other Education/Vernacular/Madrassa/Informal Education) (Adult	0
	Memoranda	7
	Oral	59
	Written	59
	Oral + Memoranda	0
	Oral + Written	1
Not Stated	0	

5.3. CONCERNS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Gachoka Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

5.3.1. PREAMBLE TO THE CONSTITUTION

- There is need for a preamble in the constitution (7)
- The constitution should have a preamble espousing domestic unity, peace and tranquility.
- The constitution should have a preamble enshrining national unity to curb ethnicity.
- The new constitution should incorporate a preamble emphasizing constitutional supremacy.
- The preamble should clearly state that the constitution has been made by the people of Kenya for the people of Kenya

5.3.2. DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY.

- The constitution should promote national philosophies. (9)
- Unity, justice and hard work should be some of the guiding principles to be included in the constitution (3)
- The constitution should provide for democratic principles of accountability, respect for human rights and social justice and outlaw all non plural democracy.(2)

5.3.3. CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY.

- The constitution should provide that any constitutional amendment shall only be through a public referendum (13).
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment shall only be with an approval of 65% parliamentary vote (1)
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment shall only be with an approval of 75% parliamentary vote.(2)
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment shall only be with an approval of 75% ex-official members and supported by 66% of all MPs.(2)
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment shall only be with an approval of 85% parliamentary vote.
- The constitution should emphasize that parliament shall not have power to amend the constitution. (3)
- The constitution should emphasize that parliament shall have power to amend only part of the constitution (4).
- The constitution should provide that any public referendum shall be conducted by government officers
- The constitution should provide that any public referendum shall be conducted by churches, NGOs, lawyers and groups of people
- The constitution should provide that any public referendum shall be conducted by an established independent electoral commission representative of all political parties

- The constitution should provide that any public referendum shall be conducted by a review commission

5.3.4. **CITIZENSHIP.**

- The constitution should provide for dual citizenship for women only.
- The constitution should allow for dual citizenship.(4)
- The constitution should not allow for dual citizenship.(4)
- The constitution should confer to all persons born in Kenyan automatic citizenship.(7)
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to an individual born of at least one Kenyan parent.(4)
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship by naturalization (5)
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to all persons legally married to a Kenyan citizen irrespective of gender.(7)
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship only to foreign women legally married to a Kenyan. (2)
- The constitution should provide all citizens with the right to vote and guarantee defence (4)
- The constitution should provide for all citizens to be obedient and to respect the constitution
- The constitution should provide all citizens with the right to property and to live anywhere in Kenya (2)
- The rights of citizens should not depend on how citizenship has been acquired (3)
- The constitution should provide all citizens with access to leadership
- The constitution should provide that all citizens shall carry passports and not National Ids as evidence of citizenship (5)
- The constitution should provide that all citizens shall carry National Ids as evidence of citizenship (4)
- The constitution should promote and protect the rights of refugees

5.3.5. **DEFENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY.**

- The constitution should provide that the president shall be the Commander in Chief of the armed forces. (7)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of disciplined forces (4)
- The constitution should provide for the commissioner of police to be given security of tenure
- The constitution should provide for the disciplined forces to have at least O-level education
- The constitution should provide for the independence of the police force from the president (2)
- The constitution should abolish the court martial
- The constitution should provide that the president shall not be the commander in chief of the armed forces (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president shall consult parliament before declaring war (2)
- The constitution should provide the president with power to declare war (2)
- The constitution should provide parliament with powers to invoke a state of emergency (10)
- The constitution should provide parliament to meet within 2 days of invoking the state of emergency to review the progress
- The constitution should provide for the disciplined forces to be involved in community development The constitution should provide the president with powers to invoke a state of

emergency with the consultation of parliament (6)

- The constitution should provide that the commander-in-chief of the armed forces shall be appointed by the cabinet.
- The constitution should provide for protection of military officers
- The constitution should provide constitution of a council to assist the Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces.
- The constitution should provide for state security for the presidential candidates.
- The constitution should provide for equipping the local administration to beef up security.
- The constitution should provide that the military personnel and other machineries should be employed for other development purposes when the country is not at war.
- The constitution should make provisions for the department of military police and the prisons.
- The constitution should provide for a uniform application of the law against carrying or unlawfully possessing offensive weapons.
- The constitution should provide for the creation of National Emergency and Disaster Agency.(2)
- Parents should be consulted when their sons are going to serve the military on overseas assignments.
- Police bosses should stay in their police stations for at least five years.

5.3.6. **POLITICAL PARTIES.**

- The constitution should provide for funding of political parties by the state. (6)
- The constitution should provide for political parties to be involved in development activities such as construction of roads (5)
- The constitution should not allow for registration of political parties with less than 100 members
- The constitution should not allow for funding of political parties with less than 30 members of parliament
- The constitution should provide guidelines for the formation, management and conduct of political parties.
- The constitution should retain the multiparty system.
- The constitution should provide that Kenya be a one party state.
- The constitution should provide no limit to the number of political parties. (1)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to 2 (5)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to 3 (5)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to 4 (2)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to 5 (3)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to 10
- The constitution should provide that the political parties should be self-financing. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the political parties to be financed by the government. (11)
- The constitution should provide for the president to be party less (6)

5.3.7. **STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT.**

- The constitution should not provide for a Majimbo system of government, because it is against the spirit of national integration (6).
- The constitution should provide for a “Majimbo’ system of government (6).
- The constitution should provide for a presidential system of government (4)
- The constitution should provide for a parliamentary system of government (14)

- The constitution should provide for a unitary system of government (8)
- The constitution should provide for a unitary system of government with a ceremonial President and an executive Prime Minister.
- The constitution should provide for a post of prime minister as head of government (6)
- The constitution should provide for the prime minister to be removable by the president or by 65% vote of no-confidence by parliament
- The constitution should provide for the Prime Minister to be the official leader of the opposition
- The constitution should provide for power sharing between the president and the prime minister
- The constitution should provide for the dissolution of power to lower levels of government (4)
- The constitution should provide for all government services to be decentralized to the district level (4)
- The constitution should provide for the vice president to be appointed by parliament
- The constitution should provide for the vice-president to be elected by the people
- The constitution should provide for the vice-president to serve for a 2 , 5 year term (2)
- The constitution should provide for the attorney general to be appointed by parliament
- The constitution should provide for the attorney general to be appointed by the president, subject to 2/3 parliamentary majority
- The constitution should provide for the attorney general to be appointed by a special tribunal
- The constitution should provide for the vice president to be a woman if the president is a man (2)
- The constitution should provide for the vice president to be a running mate to the president
- The constitution should provide for the president to run all state affairs (5)
- The constitution should provide for a ceremonial president (4)
- The constitution should provide for the balance of power between the three wings of government.
- The constitution should provide for the appointment of the PM by the president from the leading parliamentary party.
- The constitution should provide for the introduction of the majimbo system and the post of the PM
- The constitution should provide that the Vice President be directly elected by popular vote. (4)

5.3.8. **THE LEGISLATURE**

- The constitution should confer power on parliament to draw the election timetable (3)
- The constitution should confer power on parliament to appoint the election court of appeal
- The constitution should give parliament power to impeach the president and the prime Minister with a vote of no confidence in case of misconduct (9)
- The constitution should provide that the president shall not have veto power to legislation passed by parliament (6)
- The constitution should provide that the president shall have veto power to legislation passed by parliament (7)
- The constitution should provide that the president shall not have power to dissolve parliament (5)

- The constitution should provide that the president shall have veto power to dissolve parliament (3)
- The constitution should not provide for the staggering of the general elections
- The constitution should not allow the president to stagger the general elections
- The constitution should provide that MPs have public offices in their constituencies (2)
- The constitution should confer more power on parliament whenever there is war or internal conflict
- The constitution should provide for the introduction of a coalition government (13).
- The constitution should give Parliament power to vet all constitutional appointments.(11)
- The constitution should give Parliament power to control its own calendar. (13)
- The constitution should provide for being a member of parliament to be a full time job (9)
- The constitution should provide for voters to be at least 18 years (4)
- The constitution should provide for voters to be at least 15 years
- The constitution should provide for the age of parliamentary candidates to be between 25-70 years
- The constitution should provide for the age of parliamentary candidates to be about 40 years
- The constitution should provide for the age of presidential candidates to be between 35-65 years
- The constitution should provide for the age of presidential candidates to be between 30-70 years
- The constitution should provide for the age of presidential candidates to be over 50 years
- The constitution should provide for parliamentary candidates to have at least O'level education (5)
- The constitution should provide for parliamentary candidates to have at least a University degree (6)
- The constitution should provide for moral and ethical qualifications for parliamentary candidates
- The constitution should provide for all parliamentary candidates to be married
- The constitution should provide for language tests for all parliamentary candidates(2)
- The constitution should not give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs by way of petition, referendum or collection of a required number of signatures from the electorate. (18)
- The constitution should give that MPs be answerable to the electorate
- The constitution should provide for a parliamentary commission to legislate on the remuneration on MPS. (6)
- The constitution should provide the remuneration of MPS to be determined by the executive.
- The constitution should provide the remuneration of MPS to be determined by the executive.
- The constitution should provide the remuneration of MPS to be determined by the people
- The constitution should allow for retention of the posts of nominated MPS, who shall be suggested by the people
- The constitution should provide for seats to be preserved for women in parliament
- The constitution should provide for seats to be preserved for disabled persons in parliament
- The constitution should not provide for seats to be preserved for women in parliament

- The constitution should provide for a limit for the parliamentary and the civic terms to 5 years only. (9)
- The constitution should provide that the parliamentary candidates should not have past criminal record (2)
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to decide on the number of the ministries which should be run by experts appointed by the PSC
- The constitution should provide for the MPs to declare their wealth and should not fix the educational standards for them.
- The constitution should provide that a MP should be resident of his her constituency
- The constitution should provide for the Public Service Commission to determine the remuneration of the MPs.
- The constitution should provide for a 2-chamber house of parliament each sitting for a five-year term. (4)
- The concept of nominated MPs should be abolished. (7)
- Parliamentary Service Commission should, periodically, review MPs salaries.
- The constitution should provide that all elected leaders should be made accountable to the electorate
- The constitution should provide for a 100 seats reservation in parliament for women
- The constitution should provide for government of national unity based on ethnic diversity (2)
- The constitution should provide an opportunity to the non-MPs to air their views and grievances in parliament.
- The constitution should provide that constitutional commissions be set up for determining the parliamentarians' remuneration.
- The constitution should provide for parliamentarians to work in unity under the multiparty system
- The constitution should provide that under in a multiparty state, parliamentarians shall be governed by the rule of their political parties (2)
- The constitution should allow the continuation of the multiparty system in the legislature and the executive (5)
- The constitution should retain a single house/chamber of parliament (5)
- The constitution should provide for seats to be preserved for women in parliament

5.3.9. **THE EXECUTIVE.**

- The constitution should provide that the president should have at least O'level education (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have at least a degree or a diploma (6)
- The constitution should provide for moral and ethical requirements for presidential candidates (4)
- The constitution should provide for a limit for the presidential term to 2 terms of 5 years each. (27)
- The constitution should define the functions of the president
- The constitution should give the president power to appoint cabinet ministers and the prime minister
- The constitution should give the president power to be in charge of the government
- The constitution should limit the powers of the president (8).
- The constitution should provide for the impeachment of the president through a vote of no

confidence (6)

- The constitution should provide for cordial relations between the president and parliamentarians (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president shall not be an MP (5)
- The constitution should provide for chiefs and their assistants to be elected by direct popular vote (10)
- The constitution should provide for the retention of the provincial administration.(14)
- The constitution should provide for a reduction in the number of ministries
- The constitution should provide that the president shall be an MP (5)
- The constitution should provide for the abolition of the post of the D.O
- The constitution should prohibit presidential immunity from prosecution and provision for the removal of the sitting president in case of abuse of office.
- The constitution should provide for a presidential tenure of 5years only and presidency to rotate to all the provinces. (5)
- The constitution should provide the transfer of the provincial administrators.
- The constitution should require the aspiring presidential candidates to garner 70% of the total votes cast devoid of which a run-off should be held.
- The constitution should provide that the sitting president should not be an MP, should not belong to any political party and should specify the powers of the president (12)
- The constitution should reduce the number of cabinet ministries to 18 only.
- The constitution should provide that the president is not above the law (16).
- The constitution should provide for the age for the president as between 40-70 years and with a stable family.
- Power should be devolved from the center to the districts.
- The constitution should provide for the abolition of the sub-locations.
- The constitution should abolish Provincial administration.(8)
- The constitution should provide for the reinstatement of the Chiefs Authority Act.
- The constitution should provide for creating a new constituency in Mwea Division.

5.3.10. **THE JUDICIARY.**

- The constitution should provide for land courts in every constituency
- The constitution should provide for a special tribunal to look into land cases
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an anti-corruption court
- The constitution should provide for a retention of the present system of the judiciary (4)
- The constitution should provide for the division of the high court into administrative units
- The constitution should provide for the high court to remain the top court in the country
- The constitution should provide for the high court to have at least 3 sitting judges
- The constitution should provide for the high court to have at least 21 sitting judges
- The judicial service commission should ensure efficiency in the running of courts
- The constitution should provide for the independent judicial service commission to appoint all judicial officers (8)
- The constitution should provide for judicial officers to have at least a University degree in legal law (3)
- The constitution should provide for Kadhis to have similar qualifications as other magistrates (2)
- The constitution should provide for Kadhis to be appointed by a special commission (4)
- The constitution should provide for decisions of Kadhi courts to be appeal-able in the high court
- The constitution should provide for the state judicial power to be vested exclusively in court (2)
- The constitution should provide for every division to have it's own magistrate court to make courts accessible to all (15)
- The constitution should provide for all suspects to be prosecuted within 24 hours of arrest (4)
- The constitution should provide for a constitutional right to legal aid for all Kenyans
- The constitution should provide for judicial review of all laws made by the legislature (2)
- The constitution should provide for council of elders to exercise judicial powers at the local level
- The constitution should provide for all suspects to be prosecuted within 48 hours of arrest
- The constitution should provide for judicial officers to have security of tenure of five years
- The constitution should provide for judicial officers to have security of tenure of 60 years
- The constitution should provide for judicial officers to retire at the age of 55 years (2)
- The constitution should provide for judicial officers to be disciplined by parliament (4)
- The constitution should provide for judicial officers to retire at the age of 70 years and preside over all pending cases even upon retirement
- The constitution should provide for the independence of the judiciary (5).
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a committee to vet judicial appointments.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of High courts at district level.
- The constitution should empower the clan and the village elders to settle domestic disputes at local level.
- The constitution should provide for the introduction of the local oath '*Kithito*' in local courts.
- The constitution should provide for the appointment of the judges by the parliament (15)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of the supreme court to handle constitutional matters (5)
- The constitution should provide for the abolition of court martial and the establishment of

the Supreme Court, Anti-corruption court and election petition court. (14)

- The constitution should provide for speedy disposal of court cases.
- The constitution should provide for a constitutional right to legal aid in criminal cases. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the judges and the magistrates to sit in a bench of 3 while hearing cases.
- The constitution should abolish the Kadhi courts in order to enhance uniform legal system.
- The constitution should provide for the reinstatement of the Affiliation Act.

5.3.11. LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

- The constitution should provide that all elective positions in the local government, including the position of the mayor and the chair of the Country Council, be filled by direct popular elections. (20)
- The constitution should provide that the minimum education level for the position of a councilor should be high school certificate. (13)
- Small Local authorities should be merged to form district councils.
- The constitution should provide that the Mayor and Chairmen of councils shall be elected to serve for a period of 3 years and not 2 years (3)
- The constitution should provide that the Mayor and Chairmen of councils shall be elected to serve for a period of 5years (3)
- The constitution should retain the 2 year term for councilors
- The constitution should provide for councils to remain working under the central government (4)
- The constitution should for the independence of local authorities (5)
- The constitution should provide that councilors have at least O-level education (4)
- The constitution should provide for qualifications of councilors to include eloquence in Kiswahili and English languages (5).
- The constitution should provide for moral and ethical qualifications for councilors. (4)
- The constitution should provide for councilors to be recalled by the electorate incase of non-performance. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the central government to determine the remuneration of councilors (2)
- The constitution should provide for a commission to determine the remuneration of councilors (4)
- The constitution should retain the position of nominated councilors (5)
- The constitution should provide for nominated councilors to be selected by the people (3)
- The constitution should confer power on the president and local government ministers to dissolve local authorities (2)
- The constitution should not confer power on the president and local government ministers to dissolve local authorities (2)
- The constitution should confer power on parliament to dissolve local authorities
- The constitution should provide for licensing to be based on the type of business (2)
- The constitution should provide that councilors shall not allocate land to individuals without consent of the council
- The constitution should abolish destruction of property like shops and kiosks by local councils

5.3.12. THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

- The constitution should provide for a representative electoral system of government (3).
- The constitution should provide for the retention of the majority rule as a basis of winning elections (6)
- The constitution should abolish the majority rule as a basis of winning elections
- The constitution should provide for security of all women candidates during elections
- The constitution should not provide for favourism towards women during elections (2)
- The constitution should provide for elections to be funded from the consolidated fund
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 50% of the votes cast
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 51% of the votes cast (5)
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 65% of the votes cast
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 70% of the votes cast
- The constitution should provide that candidates should not seek nomination from another party after failing to win nominations to another party (6)
- The constitution should not allow for defection across political parties
- The constitution should provide for MPS who defect to another political party to seek re-election (2)
- The constitution should not retain the requirement that a presidential candidate shall secure 25% of votes cast from 5 provinces. (5)
- The constitution should retain the requirement that a presidential candidate shall secure 25% of votes cast from 5 provinces.
- The constitution should provide for seats to be reserved for all disadvantaged groups in parliament
- The constitution should provide for seats to be reserved for NGOs, churches and the disabled
- The constitution should provide for 75% of all seats to be reserved for women and the youth in parliament
- The constitution should retain the current number of constituencies and wards (3).
- The constitution should provide for constituencies to be demarcated on the basis of the population (2)
- The constitution should provide that civic, parliamentary and presidential elections be held in separate days (9)
- The constitution should provide that civic, parliamentary and presidential elections be held in together (2)
- The constitution should provide for Ids and voters cards to be issued on the same day
- The constitution should provide that the electoral process be computerized to allow voters to vote anywhere in the country
- The constitution should provide for independent candidates in general elections (5)
- The constitution should provide that the election expenditure by any candidate be limited (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president be elected directly (5)
- The constitution should provide for free and fair elections (2)
- The constitution should provide for the elections to be held under the new constitution
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners be conversant with the law

- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners be appointed by parliament (2)
- The constitution should provide for the independence of the electoral commission (2)
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners serve for only five years
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission be funded from the central government
- The constitution should provide for the transparency of the electoral commission
- The constitution should provide the electoral commission with powers to disqualify voters found committing electoral offences
- The constitution should specify election dates (9)
- The constitution should retain the secret ballot system in the elections.
- The constitution should ensure a continuous voter registration and issuance of IDs.
- The constitution should provide that the election boxes should be transparent.
- The constitution should provide for the queuing system of voting instead of the ballot box system to minimize rigging.
- The constitution should provide for the participation of the civil servants in politics and elections.
- The constitution should provide for the staggering of the presidential and the parliamentary elections.
- The constitution should provide for the counting of votes at polling station.(10)
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to appoint members of the ECK.
- The Provincial administration should be de-linked from the electoral process.

5.3.13. **BASIC RIGHTS**

- The constitutional provision for fundamental basic rights are not adequate (3)
- The constitutional provision for fundamental basic rights are adequate (3)
- The constitution should provide for the constitutionalization of basic rights (2)
- The constitution should provide for freedom of worship for seventh day Adventists
- The constitution should abolish death penalty (3)
- The constitution should retain death penalty (3)
- The constitution should allow Euthanasia
- The constitution should provide a right to life
- The constitution should guarantee basic rights for all Kenyans (6)
- The constitution should provide for free primary and secondary education (40).
- The Constitution should guarantee the right to security, water, employment and health care and adequate services by the government to all Kenyans (7).
- The constitution should provide for free information
- The constitution should guarantee shelter for all citizens
- The constitution should provide for a one man one job policy (2)
- The constitution should provide for job security for all employees
- The constitution should guarantee that pensioners are paid their benefits in full (2)
- The constitution should guarantee that pension is not taxed
- The constitution should guarantee un-employment benefits to the unemployed
- The constitution should guarantee all senior citizens (over 75 years) to be paid some allowance by the government (2)
- The new constitution should cater for the church in pursuance to freedom of worship. (3)
- The constitution should allow for a summary mob justice for those caught stealing.
- The constitution should provide for a limited corporal punishment in schools.

- The constitution should provide for punishment of those who neglect their families.
- The constitution should provide for free medical facilities including mortuary services. (6)
- The constitution should guarantee the protection of the human rights of all Kenyans.
- The constitution should guarantee to all Kenyans adequate health facilities, security, food and clean water (32).
- The constitution should provide for subsistence income for those who have attained the age of majority.
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of speech and expression (12).
- The constitution should safeguard the employee's right to be represented in a trade union. (7)
- Every Kenyan should have the right to have easy access to the new constitution (2)
- The constitution should provide that the retirement age shall be 60 years (2)
- The constitution should obligate the government to provide civic education to all Kenyans. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee that all findings of commission be made public (2)
- The constitution should guarantee provision of electricity to all Kenyans
- The constitution should guarantee that all Kenyans are free to live and work in any area

5.3.14. **THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS**

- The constitution should guarantee protection of women's rights (3)
- The constitution should provide for government rehabilitation of street children.
- The constitution should abolish the practice of Female Genital Mutilation and witchcraft.
- The constitution should guarantee provision of basic rights such as education, shelter, food and security for all children (8)
- The constitution should guarantee the protection of the girl child against sexual abuse (2)
- The constitution should guarantee the rehabilitation of all destitute children
- The constitution should guarantee protection of the interests of orphans and elders
- The constitution should guarantee government support in the education of children from poor families
- The constitution should guarantee land for house construction for all the youth
- The constitution should make provision for affirmative action in favour of women (6)
- The constitution should guarantee protection of prisoners against torture
- The constitution should guarantee protection of physical, mental and moral integrity of all prisoners
- The constitution should provide affirmative action in favour of the disabled in all public facilities. (26)
- The constitution should provide for constitutional protection to the disabled, women and children. (7)
- The constitution should provide for non-discrimination of the HIV-positive victims people
- The constitution should provide for equal rights of inheritance as to confer the right to a girl. (1)
- The constitution should provide a subsistence income to the elders who are above 80 years. (3)
- The constitution should abolish child labour (6)
- The constitution should provide for the extending assistance to the freedom fighters. (2)

5.3.15. **LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS**

- The constitution should provide ultimate land ownership rights to the individual (7)

- The constitution should provide ultimate land ownership rights to the state
- The constitution should provide ultimate land ownership rights to the community
- The constitution should provide that the government shall only acquire land through purchasing (6)
- The constitution should provide for all idle land to be distributed to the landless
- The constitution should confer on the state the power to control use of land by the people (5)
- The constitution should debar the state from controlling use of land by the people (2)
- The constitution should provide for permanent land offices at the district level
- The constitution should provide rights for anyone to own land after occupying it for 5 years (2)
- The constitution should provide rights of land inheritance to the spouse and children of a married citizen
- The constitution should provide for title deeds to bear names of both husband and wife
- The constitution should limit the amount of land owned to between 10 and 50 acres
- The constitution should limit the amount of land owned to 100 acres
- The constitution should limit the amount of land owned to 200 acres
- The constitution should provide rights for anyone to own land after occupying it for 20 years
- The constitution should not allow ownership of land by non-citizens (4)
- The constitution should provide for prompt issue of title deeds (11).
- The constitution should provide for decentralization of the issue of title deeds to the local level
- The constitution should enable the government the right of escheat where the owner dies interstate and with no heirs (3).
- The constitution should provide for equal access to land for men and women (7)
- The constitution should provide for the retention of all pre-independence treaties on land (2)
- The constitution should not provide for the retention of all pre-independence treaties on land (2)
- The constitution should provide for the repossession of all illegal land allocations from gazetted trust lands
- The constitution should provide Kenyans with a right to own land anywhere in the country (8)
- The constitution should guarantee all Kenyans access to land (7)
- The constitution should provide for all trust land to be sub-divided and allocated to the landless (5)
- The constitution should provide for a retention of the trust land act
- The constitution should provide for equal inheritance right of both males and females.(4)
- The constitution should allow non-citizens to own land in Kenya.
- The constitution should provide for joint registration of matrimonial property for both wife and husband (7).
- The constitution should provide guidelines as to the size of land that each individual should own. (12)
- The constitution should provide for compensation in case of the acquisition of land by the state.(4)
- The constitution should provide for the handling of land cases by clan elders.
- Non-citizens may lease land for at least fifty (50) years.

5.3.16. **CULTURAL, ETHNIC, REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS**

- The constitution should promote and preserve ethnic and cultural diversity in contributing to the national culture of the country. (13)
- The constitution should promote and preserve all traditional languages (6)
- The constitution should promote intermarriages to enhance unity in the country
- The constitution should outlaw all forms of negative cultural practices (10)
- The constitution should provide for circumcision of girls to be left optional and to be done in hospitals (2)
- The constitution should make Kiswahili and English as the only official languages. (7)
- The constitution should make Kiswahili the only official languages. (2)
- The constitution should provide guidelines as to the mode of worship by various sects
- The constitution should provide for prompt payment of dowry.
- The constitution should recognize the clan's elder who should handle cultural and moral issues.
- The constitution should provide for enactment of a law prohibiting idol worship, indecent dressing and illicit brews.
- The Constitution should promote local culture and custom.

5.3.17. **MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES**

- The constitution should provide for the executive to retain powers to raise and distribute financial resources and management of human resources (2)
- The constitution should provide for an independent body to oversee recruitment into the public service
- The constitution should provide for parliament to retain the power to authorize the raising and appropriation of public finances (3)
- The constitution should provide for all government land to be cultivated to raise tax revenue
- The constitution should provide for all local employment to be done in consultation with the local people
- The constitution should provide for all revenue collected to be used in local areas (17)
- The constitution should debar the government from apportioning benefits from resources between the central government and the local communities
- The constitution should provide for equitable distribution of national resources.
- The constitution should provide for the controller and auditor general to have security of tenure for 5 years (2)
- The constitution should provide for public service commissioners to be guaranteed security of tenure and to be remunerated well (2)
- The constitution should provide for ministers and their assistants to be recruited by the public service commission
- The constitution should provide for parastatals to work under the central government
- The constitution should provide for all public service commissioners to be vetted by parliament (3)
- The constitution should provide for a code of ethics for public service commissioners (5)
- The constitution should provide that all public officers shall declare their wealth (4)
- The constitution should provide for the controller and auditor general must guarantee that all public funds are used well
- The constitution should provide for the controller and auditor general to be appointed by

parliament (5)

- The constitution should provide that parliament shall approve all government expenditures (2)
- The constitution should provide that all appointments to civil service must be based on merit.
- The constitution should provide for stepping-up war on corruption.
- The constitution should provide for harmonizing public and private sector in terms of the remuneration.
- The constitution should provide for stringent penalties for those who embezzle public funds.
- The constitution should provide for the localization of the government by providing for budget on district levels basis.
- The constitution should provide that the Kenyan currency shall not bear the presidents portrait.
- The constitution should obligate the government to develop the arid and semi-arid areas.
- The constitution should prohibit the retirees from re-employment.
- The constitution should provide for the fair distribution of the government projects all over the country.
- The constitution should protect the charity funds from taxation.
- The constitution should obligate the government to provide the basic rural infrastructures.
- The constitution should impose restrictions so as to prohibit any person from holding two public service jobs at a time.
- The constitution should provide for equal distribution of the national cake on quota system.

5.3.18. ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

- The constitution should provide for the protection of natural resources (2)
- The constitution should provide for the protection of the environment (2)
- The constitution should provide for natural resources to be owned by individuals (2)
- The constitution should provide for natural resources to be owned by local communities
- The constitution should provide for natural resources to be managed by local communities (2)
- The constitution should provide for natural resources to be managed by the government (2)
- The constitution should provide that the local community be given first preference in benefiting from natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that the life and property of the citizens shall be protected from wild animals.
- The constitution should provide for the enhancement of the water conservation.
- The government should compensate locals for any damage destruction caused by wildlife.

5.3.19. PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE

- The constitution should not provide for the participation of NGOs in governance
- The constitution should provide for the state to regulate the council of civil society organizations including the media (2)
- The constitution should protect freedom of the media
- The constitution should institutionalize the role of civil organizations

- The constitution should promote the participation of women in governance
- The constitution should provide for women to have representation in all positions of political leadership (7)
- The constitution should promote the participation of disabled persons in governance (2)
- The constitution should obligate the government to involve the youth in national development.

5.3.20. **INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

- The constitution should provide parliament with exclusive power to ratify all international treaties, agreements and conventions with a 66% majority vote
- The state should endeavor to promptly domesticate the relevant international human rights instruments (3)

5.3.21. **CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES**

- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a special commission to deal with appointment of all public servants (3)
- The constitution should extend the tenure of the CKRC beyond the year 2002.
- The constitution should abolish the ECK and establish a ministry to deal with the registration of persons and issue of ID cards.
- The constitution should provide for the creation of the office of ombudsman (6).
- The constitution should provide for the human rights commission to be entrenched in the constitution
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a gender commission to promote gender equality and to ensure education and research on women issues (3)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an anti-corruption commission to deal with corruption in the police force
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a land commission appointed by the public service commission (2)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a special financial commission to deal with the management of public funds
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a children's right commission
- The constitution should provide for security of tenure for the head of the anti-corruption unit
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a parliamentary committee to appoint key officers such as the heads of Parastatals.
- The constitution should provide for establishment of a special tribunal to employ the A.G and other judicial officers

5.3.22. **SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER.**

- The constitution should provide for the creation of the power transition council once the parliament is dissolved.
- The constitution should provide that during elections the ECK shall have executive powers
- The constitution should provide that during elections the Attorney general shall have executive powers
- The constitution should provide that during elections the speaker of the national assembly shall have executive powers

- The constitution should provide that during elections an executive council of MPS shall have executive powers
- The constitution should provide for the ECK to announce the results of the presidential elections immediately
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president shall be sworn in immediately the results are announced
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president shall be sworn in by the Attorney general
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president shall be sworn in by the chief justice
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president shall be sworn in within a month of the elections
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president shall be sworn in within a week of the elections
- The constitution should make provisions for the outgoing president in-terms of security after leaving office (5)
- The constitution should make provisions for the outgoing president in-terms of welfare after leaving office (5)
- The constitution should provide for immunity of the president after leaving office (3)

5.3.23. WOMENS RIGHTS

- The constitution should impose measures so as to check domestic violence against women.(3)
- The constitution should debar gender discrimination in employment opportunities
- The constitution should debar gender discrimination in the development process
- The constitution should provide women with rights to inheritance and succession (6)
- The constitution should provide for property to be registered in both names of husband and wife
- The constitution should provide for recognition of customary marriages (2)
- The constitution should debar marriage of minors
- The constitution should provide for harmonization of marriage laws to reduce the break up of marriages
- The constitution should provide for women to have equal share of property in case of divorce
- The constitution should provide for men to provide for children they sire out of wedlock (6)
- The constitution should debar all forms of violence against women (9)

5.3.24 INTERNATIONAL POLICY

- The government should promote foreign investments

5.3.25 NATIONAL ECONOMIC

- The constitution should provide for a reduction of prices of commodities for the general public but not for MPs
- The constitution should empower the government to control prices (3)
- The constitution should for rural electrification (3)
- The constitution should for electrification in all major commercial centers
- The constitution should provide for equal development of physical infrastructure
- The constitution should spell out measures to eradicate poverty

5.3.26 NATIONAL OTHER

- The constitution should guarantee that the NHIF serves all Kenyans and that the minimum contribution to the scheme be Kshs. 10 for all to afford
- The constitution should provide for compulsory HIV testing for all couples before marriage
- The constitution should abolish the position of administration police
- The constitution should debar police from harassing innocent people (5)
- The constitution should guarantee adequate protection of women to avoid incidences of rape (2)
- The constitution should provide that during a state of emergency, the authorities can place individuals under house arrest
- The constitution should provide that all corrupt officers be prosecuted and imprisoned (6)

5.3.27 SECTORAL POLICY

- The government should revive the agricultural sector (9)
- The government should provide for broad measures to revive the economy
- The constitution should not allow for the privatization of education
- The ministry of education should have provision for private inspectorate to monitor government education affairs (2)
- The constitution should provide for a review of the 8-4-4 education system and replace it with the 7-4-3 system (2)
- The constitution should not allow for frequent reviews of education system (3)
- The constitution should provide for teachers to be transferable after every 3 years
- The constitution should provide for nursery school teachers to be paid by the government
- The constitution should provide for the encouragement of practical subjects in schools
- The constitution should provide for board of governors to be replaced by Parents Teachers Associations
- The constitution should for school treasurers to be in charge of school funds
- The constitution should guarantee that bursaries are awarded to all needy students (2)
- The constitution should provide for cost sharing in education with the government paying 50% of all fees (3)
- The constitution should provide for accountability and transparency in the utilization of school funds collected from parents
- The constitution should provide for a reduction in the rate of taxation in the country (3)
- The constitution should require that the functions of the central bank be regulated through an act of parliament
- The constitution should provide for currency to have a permanent face
- The constitution should debar public medical personnel from running private clinics (3)
- The constitution should provide for a decentralization of medical services to reach out to the common man

- The constitution should provide for protection and independence of the media (2)
- The constitution should provide for soft loans to small business enterprises
- The constitution should provide for soft loans to the unemployed for starting income earning enterprises
- The constitution should provide for a reduction in the taxation of the jua kali sector, especially in the rural areas (2)
- The constitution should provide for mining rights to be given to local communities
- The constitution should provide for the government to control insurance coverage for all public vehicles
- The constitution should provide for improvements in the road networks in the country (5)
- The constitution should provide that anyone injured or killed by wild animals be adequately compensated (4)
- The constitution should guarantee the right to use irrigation water for farming
- The constitution should stipulate properly the harambee policy of raising funds
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of technical schools in each constituency.
- The constitution should provide for the reinstatement of the market societies for the farmers.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of the board of traders to determine trade licenses and review the trade licensing fees.
- The constitution should provide for the management of the water resource by private sector.
- The constitution should provide for a technical oriented system of education.
- The constitution should provide for guidelines in regulating weights and measures used by traders for basic commodities like sugar, and reinstate the price control mechanisms.

5.3.28 CUSTOMARY LAW

- The constitution should recognize all customary laws used in governing local communities (2)
- The constitution should provide that Friday and all Islamic religion celebration be declared holidays (3)

5.3.29 STATUTORY LAW

- The constitution should provide that rapists be imprisoned for 7 years
- The constitution should provide that rapists be imprisoned for 14 years
- The constitution should provide that rapists be imprisoned for life (7)
- The constitution should provide that rapists be fined 10 cows or be jailed
- The constitution should provide for sacking and imprisonment for anyone who impregnate school girls
- The constitution should provide for discrimination in public offices to be done away with
- The constitution should provide that there shall be no detention without trial

5.3.30 GENDER EQUITY

- The constitution should ensure gender equity in all spheres of the economy (10)

5.3.31 NATURAL JUSTICE/RULE OF LAW

- The constitution should guarantee that all Kenyans be equal above the law (2)

5.3.32 **NATIONAL INTEGRITY/IDENTITY**

- The constitution should provide for only 3 permanent public holidays; Kenyatta day, Madaraka day and Jamuhuri day and not too many holidays

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

1. Hon. Joseph Nyaga - MP
2. Antony N. Muverethi - DC
3. Cllr. Sospeter Kithumbu - Chairman
4. Paul K. Nzwili - Secretary
5. Silas Muchiri
6. Benjamin Muthuci
7. Florence Muthoni
8. Jerusha Ndunda
9. Margaret Mathuri
10. Nathan Nguru

Appendix 2: Civic Education Providers (CEPs)

1. Nancy W. Njiru
2. Abisagh R.P. Njiru
3. Virginia W. Mwaniki
4. A.P.M Ngondu
5. Margaret N. Kibuti
6. Mary M. Mbogo
7. Philip K. Mwanja
8. William M. Nyagah
9. Lucy Karimi
10. Margaret W. Ngari
11. Fr. James Gatiti
12. Dr. E.I. Nguyu

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

1	0003OMGEA	Abishagh Njiru	CBO	Written	Kigokiri Christian Women
2	0020OMGEA	Anthony M Njuguna	CBO	Written	Mathuriri Mbeu Self Help
3	0011OMGEA	Beatrice K Nyaga	CBO	Written	Gachoka Contituency Women
4	0009OMGEA	David Njuki	CBO	Written	Mbeere Elders
5	0013OMGEA	Elizabeth Mbeke	CBO	Written	Disabled Women Mwea
6	0017OMGEA	Florence Muthoni	CBO	Written	Gachuka Disabled
7	0008OMGEA	Gabriel Ileri Mugo	CBO	Written	Mbeere Elders
8	0022oMGEA	Joseph Muriuki	CBO	Written	Njogo Women
9	0010OMGEA	Lucy Mwaniki	CBO	Written	Utheri Wa Mutugu Women
10	0019OMGEA	Margaret Mathuri	CBO	Written	Mbeere District Women
11	0016OMGEA	Mary Njuki	CBO	Written	Guchiche Women Group
12	0015OMGEA	Prisca Kilonzo	CBO	Written	Mwea Division Women
13	0012OMGEA	Sospeter Mureithi	CBO	Written	Guchuriri Sub Location
14	0098IMGEA	A P M Ngundi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
15	0030IMGEA	Alexander Muturi Nyagah	Individual	Memorandum	
16	0066IMGEA	Anastasia Kabuu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
17	0032IMGEA	Anonymous	Individual	Written	
18	0006imgea	Anonymous	Individual	Written	
19	0008IMGEA	Anonymous	Individual	Written	
20	0070IMGEA	Antanus Muthuka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
21	0101IMGEA	Asenath Njue	Individual	Oral - Public he	
22	0047IMGEA	Augustus Kithaka	Individual	Written	
23	0055IMGEA	Benjamin Mutisya	Individual	Oral - Public he	
24	0062IMGEA	Bernard Kioi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
25	0093IMGEA	Cecilia Muthoni	Individual	Oral - Public he	
26	0056IMGEA	Charles gatimu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
27	0074IMGEA	Cyrus k Nzau	Individual	Oral - Public he	
28	0012IMGEA	Cyrus Muchiri	Individual	Written	
29	0076IMGEA	Daniel Ndiku M	Individual	Oral - Public he	
30	0050IMGEA	Daudi Mutua Kilonzo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
31	0073IMGEA	David Kariuki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
32	0105IMGEA	David Mutuvio	Individual	Oral - Public he	
33	0059IMGEA	David Mwangangi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
34	0096IMGEA	David Njuki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
35	0020IMGEA	Dickson N Nyagah	Individual	Memorandum	
36	0078IMGEA	Domenic Muoki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
37	0027IMGEA	Doris Nyagah	Individual	Written	
38	0045IMGEA	Durell Mbogo	Individual	Written	
39	0007imgea	Edward Benson Maina	Individual	Written	
40	0029IMGEA	Edwin N Nyagah	Individual	Written	
41	0041IMGEA	Elias N Ndaru	Individual	Written	
42	0015IMGEA	Elkanah Muriuki	Individual	Written	
43	0083IMGEA	Ephrahim S Munyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
44	0085IMGEA	Erasmus Njeru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
45	0051IMGEA	Ester Ndururu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
46	0084IMGEA	F K Kagundu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
47	0035IMGEA	Fredrick Kibuti Nyagah	Individual	Memorandum	
48	0018IMGEA	Gabriel Ileri Mugo	Individual	Written	
49	0081IMGEA	Gabriel Mugueru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
50	0097IMGEA	Gatumo S M	Individual	Oral - Public he	

51	0087IMGEA	Gerald Ileri	Individual	Oral - Public he	
52	0033IMGEA	Godfrey Munene	Individual	Written	
53	0080IMGEA	Grace Wangeci	Individual	Oral - Public he	
54	0046IMGEA	Hon. W N Nyagah	Individual	Memorandum	
55	0005IMGEA	Isaac Maina Mwangi	Individual	Written	
56	0053IMGEA	Isaya Muya	Individual	Oral - Public he	
57	0036IMGEA	J Njoki Kiboi	Individual	Written	
58	0034IMGEA	James Amos Nthiga	Individual	Written	
59	0086IMGEA	Jeremiah N	Individual	Oral - Public he	
60	0011IMGEA	Jerusha Ndunda	Individual	Written	
61	0057IMGEA	John Mutua	Individual	Oral - Public he	
62	0075IMGEA	John Mwanzia	Individual	Oral - Public he	
63	0040IMGEA	Joseph C Migwa	Individual	Written	
64	0023IMGEA	Joseph M Mwema	Individual	Written	
65	0067IMGEA	Joseph Nthenge	Individual	Oral - Public he	
66	0106IMGEA	Josephine Rukunyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
67	0099IMGEA	Josphat Ngari	Individual	Oral - Public he	
68	0017IMGEA	Julius N Mutembi	Individual	Memorandum	
69	0079IMGEA	Kibugi Gabriel	Individual	Oral - Public he	
70	0016IMGEA	Kivinda Nicholas Ngitho	Individual	Written	
71	0060IMGEA	Laurenti Musyoki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
72	0009IMGEA	Leonard Iketha Kiseli	Individual	Written	
73	0088IMGEA	Leonard Kivuti	Individual	Oral - Public he	
74	0090IMGEA	Lucy Kanini	Individual	Oral - Public he	
75	0091IMGEA	Lucy Machaki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
76	0043IMGEA	Luiser Samuel	Individual	Written	
77	0100IMGEA	Lydia Njeru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
78	0048IMGEA	Margaret Ngari	Individual	Written	
79	0077IMGEA	Martha Mathembo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
80	0094IMGEA	Mary Njeru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
81	0065IMGEA	Mary Wambua	Individual	Oral - Public he	
82	0028IMGEA	Mathew Nyagah Manyaki	Individual	Written	
83	0095IMGEA	Mercy Muthoni	Individual	Oral - Public he	
84	0061IMGEA	Nazarimo Kyalo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
85	0003IMGEA	Ngari Albert Mbogo	Individual	Memorandum	
86	0004IMGEA	Nobert Ititya Nzioka	Individual	Written	
87	0064IMGEA	Obadiah Njiru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
88	0044IMGEA	Patrick N Masiola	Individual	Memorandum	
89	0013IMGEA	Paul Kimeu Nzwili	Individual	Written	
90	0002IMGEA	Paul M Musomba	Individual	Written	
91	0103IMGEA	Peter M Chiengo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
92	0054IMGEA	Peter Mulei	Individual	Oral - Public he	
93	0069IMGEA	Peter Mutuma	Individual	Oral - Public he	
94	0058IMGEA	Peter Muya	Individual	Oral - Public he	
95	0031IMGEA	Peter Nyagah Chiengu	Individual	Written	
96	0019IMGEA	Phineas Ngari Njeru	Individual	Written	
97	0071IMGEA	Raeli Mutungi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
98	0068IMGEA	Rebecca Nduku	Individual	Oral - Public he	
99	0052IMGEA	Robert Ndwiga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
100	0049IMGEA	Ronald Mishack	Individual	Written	
101	0039IMGEA	Ronald Njeru	Individual	Written	
102	0042IMGEA	S Julius Karioko	Individual	Written	
103	0010IMGEA	Sammy Kitaka Sila	Individual	Memorandum	
104	0104IMGEA	Samuel gathambi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
105	0072IMGEA	Samuel Mulinge	Individual	Oral - Public he	
106	0025IMGEA	Sospeter J M Gatimu	Individual	Written	

107	0022IMGEA	Sospeter Ngoci Njeru	Individual	Written	
108	0082IMGEA	Stephen Ndonye	Individual	Oral - Public he	
109	0092IMGEA	Stephen Njagi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
110	0063IMGEA	Thomas Mboya	Individual	Oral - Public he	
111	0037IMGEA	Titus N N Gatimo	Individual	Written	
112	0102IMGEA	Titus Njeru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
113	0089IMGEA	William Nyagah	Individual	Oral - Public he	
114	0021IMGEA	Zakayo Njeru Makima	Individual	Written	
115	0018OMGEA	Agusta Ireri	Other Institutions	Memorandum	Gategi Girls Students
116	0014OMGEA	Dickson Murunguma	Other Institutions	Written	KNUT Mbeere
117	0004OMGEA	Douglas Muchiri	Other Institutions	Written	Kiritiri Disabled Group
118	0005OMGEA	Joseph Gichumbi Ngarawa	Other Institutions	Written	Ndunda Farmers Co-operative
119	0001OMGEA	George Mwangi Musembi	Political Party	Memorandum	DP-Mwea Branch
120	0006OMGEA	Justin N Ngure	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Munyori Catholic Parish
121	0021OMGEA	Meshack Soo	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	ACK Mwea
122	0007OMGEA	Mturio E Nthiga	Religious Organisation	Written	SDA Church

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

No.	Name	Address	No.	Name	Address
1	Elizabeth Mbeke	P.O.Karaba	24	Mercy machakih	P.O. Box 57, Karaba
2	Prisca Kilonzo	P.O.Box 2, Karaba	25	Benjamin Mutisya	P.O. Box 42, Karaba
3	Daudi Mutua Makau	P.O. Box 1, Karaba	26	Issack Gitonga	P.O. Box 42, Karaba
4	Luiser Muthama	P.O.Box 13, Karaba	27	Nobert Itotia Nzioka	P.O. Box 51, Karaba
5	Rev. Canon Misheck Soo	P.O. Box 40, Karaba	28	Raulenti Musyoki	P.O. Box 51, Karaba
6	Naftali Mwanzia	P.O. Box 17, Gategi	29	Nazareno Kyalo	P.O. Box 2, Karaba
7	Samuel Katheudi	P.O. Karaba	30	Bernard Kioi	P.O. Box 2, Karaba
8	Esther Ndululu	P.O. Box 100, Karaba	31	TomasNzioka	P.O. Box 2, Karaba
9	Robert Ndwiga	P.O. Box 100, Karaba	32	Obadia Njiru	P.O. Box 12, Karaba
10	Issaia Kaluani	P.O. Box 100, Karaba	33	Mary Wambua	P.O. Box 80, Karaba
11	Peter Mulei Mangeli	P.O. Box 16, Karaba	34	Anastacia Kavuu	P.O. Box 2, Karaba
12	Gideon J.M. Mutisya	P.O. Box 207, Siakago	35	Issac Maina	P.O. Box 10, Karaba
13	George Maingi Musembi	P.O. Box 88, Karaba	36	Eustas Ndwiga	P.O. Box 73, Karaba
14	Sammy Kitaka Sila	P.O. Box 10, Karaba	37	Joseph Nthenge	P.O. Box 12, Karaba
15	Paul Musomba	P.O. Box 94, Karaba	38	Rebecca Nduku	P.O. Box 51, Karaba
16	Charles Gatimu	P.O. Box 57, Karaba	39	Peter Mwangi	P.O. Box 23, Karaba
17	John Mutua Ngati	P.O. Box 45, Karaba	40	Peter Mutuma	P.O. Box 2, Karaba
18	Peter Muia	P.O. Box 100, Karaba	41	Benson Maina	P.O. Box 51, Karaba
19	David Mwangangi	P.O. Box 51, Karaba	42	Attanus Muthini	P.O. Box 28, Karaba
20	Albert M. Ngari	P.O. Box 57, Karaba	43	Litha Musymi Ogana	P.O. Box 60375, Nairobi
21	Augusta Ileri	P.O. Box 57, Karaba	44	Johnson Kimeu	P.O. Box 51, Karaba
22	Caroline Kagwi	P.O. Box 57, Karaba	45	John Mulwa	P.O. Box 48, Karaba
23	Beatrice Sila	P.O. Box 57, Karaba	46	Rael Mutuli	P.O. Box 16, Karaba
47	Sawel Mulinge	P.O. Box 56, Karaba	70	Ephraim Symon Munyi	P.O. Box 618, Embu
48	David Kariuki	P.O. Box 47, Karaba	71	Festus Kagundu	P.O. Box 79, Kiritiri
49	Nahason Muthoka	P.O. Box 56, Karaba	72	Justin Nyaki Ngure	P.O. Box 460, Embu
50	Silas K. Nzau	P.O. Box 14, Karaba	73	Nicholas N. Kivinda	P.O. Box 117, Kiritiri
51	Mwangi Mutahi	P.O. Box 10, Karaba	74	Erasmus Timengi Njeru	P.O. Box 1333, Embu
52	Leonard Iketha Kiseli	P.O. Box 17, Karaba	75	Evans Kimathi	P.O. Box 76, Kiritiri
53	John Mwanzia Kako	P.O. Box 17, Karaba	76	Nyaga Munyi	P.O. Kiritiri
54	Daniel Mutava	P.O. Box 80, Karaba	77	Gerad Ileri Ndwiga	P.O. Box 22656, Nairobi
55	Martha Mathembo	P.O. Box 80, Karaba	78	Julius Nduma	N/A
56	Dominic Kisingu M.	P.O. Box 16, Karaba	79	S. Ngari	N/A
57	Kibugi Rugwe	P.O. Box 51, Karaba	80	Mturio E.N. Thiga	P.O. Box 143, Kiritiri
58	Grace Wangechi	P.O. Box 2, Karaba	81	Julius N. M.	P.O. Box 2017, Embu
59	Gabriel Mugweru	P.O. Box 1, Karaba	82	Daudi Njiro	P.O. Box 6, Kiritiri
60	William Mwau	P.O. Box 2, Karaba	83	Geoffrey M. Nyagi	P.O. Box 39, Kiritiri
61	Joseph Mutunga	P.O. Box 10, Karaba	84	Wilfred Ngari	P.O. Box 109, Kiritiri
62	Stephen Ndongye	P.O. Box 10, Karaba	85	Gabriel I. Mugoh	P.O. Box 662, Embu

63	Elizabeth Kalondu	P.O. Box 2, Karaba	86	Ephraim N. Ngari	P.O. Box 22, Kiritiri
64	John Ngari	P.O. Box 85, Kiritiri	87	Ayub Njue	P.O. Box 165, Siakago
65	Abishagh Njiru	P.O. Box 102, Kiritiri	88	Njeru Kinyua	N/A
66	Douglas Mwafiri	P.O. Box 29, Kiritiri	89	Anthony Mugo Njuguna	P.O. Box 39, Kiritiri
67	Ngarawa Joseph	P.O. Box 98, Kiritiri	90	Meshek Kimanthi	N/A
68	Tabitha Njuthie	P.O. Box 98, Kiritiri	91	Gabriel Mwaniki	P.O. Box 140, Kiritiri
69	Elicana Muriuki	P.O. Box 7, Kiritiri	92	Alexander Kauru	P.O. Box 1451, Kiritiri
93	James M. Ngari	P.O. Box 142, Kiritiri	116	Lucia Machaki	P.O. Box 117, Kiritiri
94	Henry Kithaka	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	117	Stephen Njagi	P.O. Box 17, Kiritiri
95	Ronald Kivuti Misheck	P.O. Box 140, Kiritiri	118	David N.Njeru	P.O. Box 851, Embu
96	Joseph W.N. Nyagah	P.O. Box 37, Embu	119	Justus Marembo	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
97	A.M. Kanampiu	P.O. Box 193, Chuka	120	Cesilia Muthoni	P.O. Box 851, Embu
98	Bejamen Njue Kiroto	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	121	Avinda Ndiga	P.O. Box 851, Embu
99	Benson K. Ileri	P.O. Box 52, Siakago	122	Henry Ndaru	P.O. Box 851, Embu
100	Abishag John Mwaniki	P.O. Box 1194, Embu	123	Fr. Peter Mati	P.O. Box 160, Kiritiri
101	Samwel Njagi	P.O. Box 1194, Embu	124	Mary Njeru	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
102	Justa Ngui	P.O. Box 116, Kiritiri	125	Ephraith Ileri	P.O. Box 116, Kirathe
103	Ruseta Ngithi	N/A	126	Beatrice K. Nyagah	P.O. Box 228, Embu
104	Dickson Njiru Nyaga	P.O. Box 1280, Embu	127	Esther Njeru	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
105	William Mukui Mara	P.O. Box 35, Kiritiri	128	Rose Mary Njuki	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
106	Njeru Steve	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	129	Charity Nyaga	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
107	Runji J.N.	P.O. Box 1990, Embu	130	Loice Mwanyengi	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
108	Geofrey N. Mutini	N/A	131	Elizabeth Mburu	P.O. Box 202, Kiritiri
109	John Kimani	P.O. Box 114, Kiritiri	132	Agnes Muturi	P.O. Box 202, Kiritiri
110	Crispus N. Njoroge	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	133	Justa Mbaka	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
111	Peter I. Ngambi	P.O. Box 214, Kiritiri	134	Mary Munyiva	P.O. Box 851, Embu
112	Emily Mwruki	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	135	Mercy Muthoni	P.O. Box 851, Embu
113	Lydia Njuki	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	136	Peter Mwanzia	P.O. Box 2189, Embu
114	Lucy Kanini	P.O. Box 117, Kiritiri	137	Agnes Mbuiya	P.O. Box 851, Embu
115	Robert Nyasa	P.O. Box 117, Kiritiri	138	Jackson Njuki	P.O. Box 851, Embu
139	Antony Kithua	P.O. Box 851, Embu	162	Dangra S. Ngari	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
140	Peterson Ileri	P.O. Box 2159, Embu	163	Titus Ita Mwarire	P.O. Box 24, Kiritiri
141	Genesio Kariuki	P.O. Box 2159, Embu	164	Godfrey Thinene	P.O. Box 18, Kiritiri
142	Sophia Iruma	P.O. Box 2159, Embu	165	Murunguma D.N.	P.O. Box 213, Siakago
143	Ileri Njuri	P.O. Box 140, Kiritiri	166	Jockbed M. Keboi	P.O. Box 550, Embu
144	Mary Njuki	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	167	Daniel Karimi	P.O. Box 1906, Embu
145	Catherine Irumbi	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	168	Samuel K. Njeru	P.O. Box 1975, Embu
146	Peter Nhuru	P.O. Box 16, Kiritiri	169	Erastus Njeru	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri
147	Joseph Mwaniki	P.O. Box 47, Kiritiri	170	Cosmas M. Nyaga	P.O. Box 202, Kiritiri
148	Samuel N. Machaki	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	171	Francis M. Gichoni	P.O. Box 47, Kiritiri
149	John Ndaru	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	172	Anthony John Njeru	P.O. Box 202, Kiritiri
150	Benjamin Kinyua	P.O. Box 14, Kiritiri	173	Cornelius M. Mungai	P.O. Box 82, Embu
151	Juliana Muthoni	P.O. Box 139, Kiritiri	174	Suleman Ufiru	N/A
152	Doras Ndegi	P.O. Box 140, Kiritiri	175	Anisia Ndegi	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri

153	Cecilia Mwingi	P.O. Box 140, Kiritiri	176	Benard Mati	P.O. Box 39, Kiritiri
154	Abija Mbucu	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	177	Bonface Njeru	P.O. Box 39, Kiritiri
155	Agatha Ndegi	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	178	Stephen Nyaga	P.O. Box 1312, Kiritiri
156	Mathew Nyaga	P.O. Box 228, Embu	179	Philip K. Mwana	P.O. Box 1911, Kiritiri
157	Silipha R. Njeru	P.O. Box 2017, Embu	180	Edwin N. Nyagah	P.O. Box 228, Embu
158	Kagundu E.N.	P.O. Box 9, Kiritiri	181	Faith Maringah	P.O. Box 122, Embu
159	Gatumu S.N.	P.O. Box 9, Kiritiri	182	Rose Njuki	P.O. Box 122, Embu
160	Michael M. Nyaga	P.O. Kiritiri	183	Symon Munyi	N/A
161	Njiru Gitonya	P.O. Box 662, Embu	184	Patrick N. Masyule	P.O. Box 1911, Kiritiri
185	Stephen Kieti	P.O. Box 1380, Kiritiri	208	Wilfred Kinyua	P.O. Box 203, Iriamurai
186	Leonard Mbogo	P.O. Box 212, Embu	209	Henry Njue	P.O. Box 14, Kiritiri
187	Alexander Muturi	P.O. Box 1451, Embu	210	Salesio Ngungi	P.O. Box 203, Iriamurai
188	John M. Kithuku	P.O. Box 1911, Kiritiri	211	Faustino Mugo	P.O. Box 39, Mayori
189	Monica Ndulo Kisingu	P.O. Box 1451, Embu	212	Lincoln Nyaga Mwige	P.O. Box 34, Kiritiri
190	Barnabas Njau	P.O. Box 1451, Embu	213	Robert Mugo	P.O. Box 40, Kiritiri
191	A.P.M. Ngondi	P.O. Box 24, Kiritiri	214	Zakayo Njeru	N/A
192	Nganga	P.O. Box 202, Kiritiri	215	Benjamin M. Njue	P.O. Box 22, Kieritie
193	Titus Njeru Ndaru	P.O. Box 241, Kiritiri	216	Margaret Ndegi	P.O. Box 282, Kiritiri
194	Pheneas Ngari	P.O. Box 1451, Embu	217	Lucy Mwaniki	P.O. Box 282, Kiritiri
195	Gladwel Wanjiku	P.O. Box 1451, Embu	218	Spora Njeru	P.O. Box 282, Kiritiri
196	Arichangero Karunja	P.O. Box 1380, Embu	219	James Amos Nthiga	P.O. Box 446, Embu
197	John Mugo	P.O. Box 1380, Embu	220	Phides Mugo	N/A
198	Ladya Nthua	P.O. Box 1380, Embu	221	Festus Nthiga	P.O. Box 72, Kiritiri
199	Joseph Maundu	P.O. Box 1454, Embu	222	Lydia Njeru	P.O. Box 39, Kiritiri
200	Rimfi Justus	P.O. Box 202, Embu	223	Justa Muthoni	P.O. Box 39, Kiritiri
201	Anthony V.N. Kagina	P.O. Box 62, Embu	224	Cladys Muthoni	P.O. Box 22, Kieritie
202	Peter Muguna	P.O. Box 448, Embu	225	Pindici Muthoni	N/A
203	Nahashon Ireri	P.O. Box 847, Embu	226	Justa M. Nyaga	N/A
204	Josphat N. Muturi	P.O. Box 41, Kiritiri	227	Edita Njeri	N/A
205	Erustace Mbogo	P.O. Box 114, Kiritiri	228	Faulina Mwitia	N/A
206	Gatumu Sospeter	P.O. Box 12, Kiritiri	229	Lucy M. Macinga	P.O. Box 22, Kieritie
207	Jeruasio M. Nyaga	P.O. Box 95, Kiritiri	230	Asnath Njue	P.O. Box 35, Kiritiri
231	Mercy Mati	P.O. Box 738, Kiritiri	241	Pius Kariuki Ndege	P.O. Box 202, Kiritiri
232	Benson M. Nyaga	P.O. Box 1312, Embu	242	Job Muturi	P.O. Box 807, Embu
233	Doris N. Nyaga	P.O.Box 618, Embu	243	Samuel Muturi	P.O. Box 807, Embu
234	Godffrey N. Ngiri	P.O. Box 140, Kiritiri	244	Margery Njagi	P.O. Box 56, Kiritiri
235	Margaret Mathuri	P.O. Box 24, Kiritiri	245	Margaret Ngari	N/A
236	Peterson Muriuki	P.O. Box 120, Kiritiri	246	James Amos	N/A
237	Distelio Dnyagah	P.O.Box 40, Kiritiri	247	James M. Gichomi	P.O. Box 47 Kiritiri
238	Nyaga Njiru	P.O. Box 197, Kiritiri	248	Monica Ndida	P.O. Box 451 Embu
239	Anthony K. Kinyotta	P.O. Box 197, Kiritiri	249	Julius Muh'd	P.O. Box 274 Kiritiri
240	Nyagah Fredrick	P.O. Box 2835, Nyeri	250	Winfred M. Njeru	P.O. Box 137 Kiritiri