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1. DISTRICT CONTEXT

Laisamis is one of the constituencies in Marsabit District. Marsabit District is one of 13 districts of the Eastern Province of Kenya.

1.1. Demographic Characteristics

| District Denutation by Com | Male | Female | Total |
|---|--------|--------|---------|
| District Population by Sex | 60,940 | 60,538 | 121,478 |
| Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below | 33,699 | 32,724 | 66,423 |
| Total District Population Aged Above 18 years | 27,241 | 27,814 | 55,055 |
| Population Density (persons/Km²) | | 2 | |

1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Marsabit District:

- Is the least densely populated district in the province;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 31.1%, being the least in the province and ranked 65th nationally;
- Has a secondary school enrolment rate of 7.7%, being ranked 11th in the province and 64th nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, respiratory tract infections, skin diseases and infections, diarrhoea diseases, and intestinal worms; and
- Has a life expectancy of 55.2 years, being ranked 26th of 45 of the nationally ranked districts.

Marsabit district has 3 constituencies: North Horr, Saku, and Laisamis. This district has the second largest average constituency size in the country at 20,432 Km². The area's three MPs, all currently in KANU, represent the lowest average number of constituents per MP in the province, 40,493. This is the second from last in national rankings.

2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

2.1. Demographic Characteristics

| Constituence Denulation | Total | Area Km ² | Density (persons/Km²) |
|-------------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Constituency Population | 40,976 | 20,265.70 | 2.0 |

2.2. Socio-Economic profile

Nomadic pastoralism is the main economic activity in the region.

2.3. Electioneering and Political Information

The fight for this parliamentary seat is normally based on clan factors and personalities.

2.4. 1992 General Election Results

| 1992 TOTAL REC | GISTERED VOTER | S | 11,436 |
|-------------------|----------------|-------|---------------|
| | | | |
| CANDIDATE | PARTY | VOTES | % VALID VOTES |
| Robert Kochalle | KANU | 6,273 | 89.37 |
| Sokotey Seye | DP | 734 | 10.46 |
| Joseph Ilo Aritei | FORD A | 12 | 0.17 |
| Total Valid Votes | • | 7,019 | 100.00 |
| Rejected Votes | | | |
| Total Votes Cast | | 7,019 | |
| % Turnout | | 61.38 | |
| % Rejected/Cast | | 0.00 | |

2.5. Main Problems

The main problems in the area include lack of water, grazing fields and infrastructure

3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

3.1.1. **Philosophy**

The Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people's knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums 'to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission's work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign' - (sec. 12A (6). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views 'directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum'. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and 'open forum with no specific structures', which should be 'flexible and easy to manage'. Its opinion was that the 'existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots' (The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the 'facilitation' of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. Functions of CCF

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. Functions of CCC

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. Date of Commencement of Work

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. **District Coordinators**

3.2.1. Mandate/Terms of Reference

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities

for CKRC's meetings in the district;

- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. Criteria for Appointment

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

4. CIVIC EDUCATION

Civic Education in the constituency was carried out between 4th March 2002 and 15th May 2002.

4.1. Phases covered in Civic Education

Stage one:- Is the only phase that was covered. This is the stage preceding the collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans to have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.4.2 Issues and

Areas Covered

- 1. Constitutionalism
- 2. Issues and questions for public hearings
- 3. Human right and freedom of the individual
- 4. Citizenship and democracy
- 5. Organs and levels of government
- 6. Nation state and nationalism
- 7. Constitution making process
- 8. Land resources security and basic rights
- 9. Minority groups
- 5. CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS

5.1. Logistical Details

5.1.1. Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings

- a) Date(s) 15th and 18th May 2002
- b) Total Number of Days: 2

5.1.2. **Venue**

- c) Number of Venues: 2
- d) Venue(s):1) Loyangalani
 - 2) Maikona
 - 3) Catholic hall laisamis town.

5.1.3. **Panels**

e) Commissioners

Com. Prof. Okoth Ogendo

Com. Nancy Baraza

Com. Bishop Bernard Kariuki Njoroge

Com. Dr. Mohamed Swazuri

Secretariat f)

Pauline Nyamweya - Programme Officer

Lilian Odoto - Asst. Programme Officer Hellen Kanyora - Verbatim Recorder

5.2. Attendance Details

| Category | Details | Number |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------|
| Number of People Who Presented | | 81 |
| | Male | 69 |
| Sex | Female | 11 |
| | Not Stated | 1 |
| | Individual | 51 |
| Presenter Type | Institutions | 29 |
| | Not Stated | 1 |
| | Primary Level | 8 |
| | Secondary/High School Level | 33 |
| | College | 14 |
| Educational | University | 8 |
| Background | None | 17 |
| | Not Stated | 0 |
| | Other (Adult Education/Vernacular/Madrasa/Informal Education) | 1 |
| | Memoranda | 2 |
| | Oral | 35 |
| Form of | Written | 18 |
| Presentation | Oral + Memoranda | 9 |
| | Oral + Written | 17 |
| | Not Stated | 0 |

5.3. **CONCERNS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Laisamis Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

5.3.1. PREAMBLE TO THE CONSTITUTION

- There should be a preamble in the constitution.
- The constitution should provide fro the unity of Kenyans which should be set in the preamble as Kenyans national vision.
- The preamble should spell out clearly our national unity
- The preamble should spell out the diversity of Kenya
- The preamble should spell out the socio-economic values of the Kenyan state.

5.3.2. **DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY.**

- The constitution should provide for enhancement of equality of all Kenyans
- The constitution should emphasize trust and transparency among all Kenyans
- The constitution should provide that the law shall apply in a non-discriminatory manner to all Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide for the independence of the three arms of the government

5.3.3. **CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY.**

- There should be 80%majority vote to amend the constitution
- Matters concerning parliament should be beyond the amending powers of of parliament.
- There is need for public referendums to amend the constitution.
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment shall only be through a public referendum.
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment shall only be through a public referendum with 75% votes

5.3.4. **CITIZENSHIP.**

- Any person born in kenya should be given automatic citizenship.
- A woman married to a Kenyan should be accorded Kenyan citizenship.
- Spouses of Kenyan citizens irrespective of gender should be an automatic citizen.
- A child born of one Kenyan parent irrespective of gender should an automatic citizen (2).
- The constitution should allow for dual citizenship.
- Kenyans should carry national identity card as a proof of citizenship (2).
- The use of screening cards should be abolished.
- A Kenyan citizen should carry national ID card, passport ,driving licence ,and a birth certificate as a proof of citizenship.
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to all persons legally married to a Kenyan citizen irrespective of gender.
- The constitution should provide for dual citizenship.

5.3.5. **DEFENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY.**

- Disciplined forces should be established by the constitution (2).
- The president should be the commander in chief of the armed forces (2).
- Members of the armed forces should be charged before the law for any offence they commit.
- A police check unit should be established.
- The parliament should have exclusive powers to declare war (2).
- The constitution should permit the use of extra ordinary powers in emergencies (2).
- The constitution Should provide for parliament to have the authority to invoke emergency powers (2).
- The president should have the authority to invoke emergency powers.

- The constitution should provide for the army to be involved in community work.
- The constitution should provide for the retraining of the military in disaster response courses
- The constitution should provide that all uneducated youths be recruited into the army
- The constitution should provide that the government uses its machinery efficiently to curb down insecurity in the country
- The constitution should outlaw police harassment
- The constitution should provide for adequate security for pastoralist communities
- The constitution should provide for a border guard unit to provide for security of border communities
- The constitution should provide for the disarmament of home guards
- The constitution should provide for institutionalization of home guards and regulation of their activities
- The constitution should guarantee that the government be held liable for loss of lives and property due to insecurity in North Eastern province
- The constitution should provide for the use of national security forces to protect citizens

5.3.6. **POLITICAL PARTIES.**

- Political parties should participate in development projects.
- The constitution should regulate the formation management and conduct of political parties (2).
- The constitution should limit political parties to 3 parties.
- The constitution should limit political parties to two parties (2).
- The constitution should not allow for the formation of more 5 political parties (2).
- The constitution should provide for four political parties.
- Political parties should be funded by the government.
- Political parties should be financed from public coffers.
- Political parties should be registered with registrar of society.
- Political parties should account and give report of the political fund they receive from donors.
- The state and political parties should work in harmony.
- The constitution should provide broad guidelines requiring that political parties have a clear development agenda
- · The constitution should provide for public funding of political parties

5.3.7. STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT.

- Presidential system of government should be retained (2) .
- Kenya should adopt a parliamentary system of government.
- The prime minister should be appointed from the majority party in parliament.
- The president should be the head of state and should be responsible for signing bills passed by parliament, appointing ambassadors and calling national refinements.
- Unitary system of government should be retained.
- Kenya should retain unitary government where all affairs are controlled by the central government.
- The vice president should be the running mate of the president.
- The constitution should not provide for federal system of government (2).
- The constitution should provide for government of national unity

5.3.8. THE LEGISLATURE

- Parliament should vet the appointment of cabinet ministers, AG, chief justice ambassadors , high commissioners , parastatal chiefs, police commissioners , chief of general staff and permanent secretaries.
- The president should be answerable to parliament.
- The functions of the parliament should not be expanded.
- · Parliament should have unlimited control over its procedures through standing orders.
- Parliament should have unlimited control of its own procedures (2).
- Being an MP should be a full time job (3).
- Being an MP should be a part time occupation.
- The age requirement for contesting for a parliamentary seat should be 21 years and fir presidency it should be 35years.
- Presidential candidate should be 45 years and above.
- Parliamentary candidates should be 25 years.
- There should be no age requirement fir contesting and voting.
- Any person above the age of 22 years and above should be allowed to contest in parliamentary elections.
- There should be no language test for MPs.
- MPs should have a university degree.
- Language test for parliamentary elections are not sufficient ,reading and writing test should be introduced.
- There should be moral and ethical qualifications for MPs (2).
- Parliamentary contestants should be have at least o level certificates.
- MPs should serve for 10 years.
- People should have the right to recall their MPs (3).
- Electorates should have right to recall their MPs through a vote of no confidence (2).
- The constitution should provide for MPs to act on the basis of conscience.
- MPs should act on instructions from their constituents.
- MPs should act on instructions from their parties.
- Parliamentary service commission should determine salaries and remuneration of MPs (2).
- An independent commission should be established to determine salaries and benefits of MPs.
- MPs should not determine their salaries.
- Retain the concept of nominated MPs (2)
- The concept of nominated MPs should be abolished and replaced eleted representatives by increasing the number of constituencies.
- Nominated MPs should be reserved for minority groups.
- The constitution should provide increased women participation in parliament.
- There should be measures to increase women participation in parliament.
- Women should equally compete with men in parliamentary elections.
- MPs should stick to their party policies and principles.
- Rules should be pit in place to govern the conduct of parliamentarians.
- Where a parliament seat falls vacant a by elections should be dine after 2 months.
- The constitution should provide that dominant parties to form the government.
- The constitution should provide for a coalition system of government
- The constitution should provide for multi party representation at both levels of government.
- The constitution should provide for 1 chamber house (2).

- Parliament should be empowered to remove president from office through a vote of no confidence (2).
- Parliament should have powers to override presidential veto power.
- The president should have powers to dissolve parliament.
- The president should not have powers to dissolve parliament.
- The constitution should provide that parliament monitors operations of other arms of the government
- The constitution should provide for a code of conduct for MPs
- The constitution should provide that the speaker of the national assembly be an MP
- The constitution should limit the term for MPs to only 5 years
- The constitution should debar the nomination of councilors and MPs

5.3.9. THE EXECUTIVE.

- The president should have a university degree.
- The constitution should specify the qualifications for the president.
- President should be a person of sound mind and hold o level certificate.
- The president should serve for two terms of 5 years each (3).
- Duties of the president should be specified in the constitution (2).
- The president should confer and appoint diplomatic and consular representatives.
- The constitution should provide for the removal of the president for misconduct (2).
- The president should be an MP (2).
- Chiefs should be elected directly by the people (2).
- Provincial administration should be in charge of development projects.
- The constitution should set limit on the powers of provincial administrators.
- A ministry should be established to cater for the welfare of retirees.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of ministry for the disables ,poor and the orphans.
- The constitution should limit the powers of the president (2)...
- The constitution should provide for the impeachment of the president
- The constitution should debar the president from nominating MPs
- The constitution should limit the president's term be limited to only 2 terms, each five years
- The constitution should provide that Key ministries be headed by women for effective management

5.3.10. **THE JUDICIARY.**

- The current judicial structures is not adequate.
- Kenya should have a constitutional court to preside over elections (2).
- Judicial officers should serve as advocates in the high court for not more than 25 years.
- Kadhi's should have the same qualifications as magistrates.
- Kadhi's should be elected by the Muslim community.
- The kadhi's court should deal with other matters related to Islamic law other than marriage and divorce and inheritance (2).
- There should be affordable fees to ensure that people have access to court.
- The constitution should provide that appointment of judicial officers be ratified by parliament
- The constitution should provide security of tenure for the Attorney general
- The constitution should provide that Kadhis be empowered to deal with all issues under Islamic law

- The constitution should provide that Kadhis have at least a degree in Islamic law
- The constitution should provide that Kadhis be elected by a council of Imams
- The constitution should provide for appellate jurisdiction for Kadhi courts
- The constitution should provide for the restructuring of the Judiciary to provide for courts at divisional or location level
- The constitution should provide free legal aid for the poor (2).

5.3.11. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT.**

- The constitution should provide that Mayors and Chair of County Council be elected by the public (3)
- Mayors and councilors should serve for five years in office (2).
- Mayors and council chairman should serve for two years.
- Local councils should continue working under the central government.
- Councilors should have a minimum education of o levels (3)
- There should be no language test for local authority seats.
- Language test for local authority seats are sufficient (2).
- Moral and ethical qualifications should be introduced for local authority seats (3).
- Councilors should not grab public land.
- People should have right to recall their councilors (4).
- The remuneration of councilors should be determined by an independent commission.
- The remuneration of councilors should be determined by the government.
- The concept of nominated councilors should be abolished.
- Nomination of councilors should be reserved for minority tribes.
- Councilors in a multiparty state should stick to the policies an rules of their parties.
- The minister for local government should have powers to dissolve councils (2).
- The constitution should scrap the deposit requirement for councilors before nomination
- The constitution should provide that Mayors and Chair of County Councils have a minimum of O level education

5.3.12. THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

- Retain the current representative electoral system (2).
- Secret ballots should be used in elections.
- There should be proportional and mixed system of elections.
- Simple majority rule should be used as the basis for winning elections (2).
- Electoral process should be designed to increase women participation in parliament.
- There should be minimum percentage of vote that presidential aspirant should garner before being declared a winner.
- Candidates who fail to be nominated by one party should not be allowed to get nominations in another party (2).
- The constitution should outlaw defections from one party to another.
- Defectors should seek fresh mandate from the people (2)
- 25% representation votes in 5 provinces for presidential candidates should be retained .
- Presidential candidates should get 20% representation votes in 4 provinces.
- Presidential candidates should get 25% representation votes in 8 provinces.
- Parliamentary seats should be reserved for people with disability.
- Parliamentary seats should be reserved for minority groups.
- Retain the current geographical constituencies.
- The number of constituencies should be increased.

- There should be demarcations of constituencies.
- Demarcation of constituencies should be approved by parliament.
- Meru central should have 2 more constituencies; timan and nkuore constituencies.
- Civic, parliamentary and presidential election should be held separately.
- General elections should done one day in all over the country.
- Election dates should be specified in the constitution (2).
- Presidential elections should be done by Electoral College.
- The president should be elected directly by the people.
- There should be 15 electoral commissioners.
- The 2002 elections should held with or without the new constitution.
- Electoral commissioners should have university degree.
- There should be moral and ethical qualification for electoral commissioners.
- ECK commissioners should be appointed by parliament (2).
- Electoral commissioners should be removed from office by parliament.
- Electoral commissioners should serve for two terms and be given pensions.
- The government should fund electoral commission.
- ECK should be funded from public coffers.
- There should be 15-18 electoral commissioners.
- There should be 12 electoral commissioners.
- Votes should be counted at polling stations (2).
- The constitution should provide that the winner in presidential election must have at least 50% of all votes cast or at least 30% in at least 5 provinces
- The constitution should provide that election be without party nomination
- The constitution should provide that ballot boxes be transparent.
- The constitution should do away with the simple majority rule in elections
- The constitution should provide for a probation of 12 months for each MPs, after which their performance is evaluated by the electorate and their views presented to parliament
- The constitution should provide that large constituencies be subdivided for easier management
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs
- The constitution should provide that registration of voters be a continuous exercise

5.3.13. BASIC RIGHTS

- The fundamental right provided in the current constitution is adequate.
- Kenyans should have right to movement in and out of the country.
- There should be freedom of speech.
- The constitution should protect family rights.
- Death penalty should be retained (2).
- Death penalty should be abolished.
- The parliament should be responsible of enjoyment of basic rights.
- Retirees should be entitled to house, medical, and hardship allowance which are reviewed from time to time.
- Pensions for retirees should be reviewed.
- Men and women should be given equal employment opportunities.
- The constitution should provide adequate security for all the citizens (7).
- There should be free health care or all (2).
- The constitution should ensure provision of clean water fr all Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide for free education for all the citizens.

- Primary and secondary education should be free.
- The constitution should provide for free education for orphans
- The constitution should grant equal job opportunities for all .
- There should be free and compulsory education.
- The constitution should provide for free primary and secondary education.
- Education should be free up to secondary level.
- Every Kenyan should have access to information in the hands of the state (2)
- The constitution should grant right to trade union representation.
- There should be free and compulsory education up to secondary level.
- Kenyans should have access to vocational training to encourage self-employment
- The constitution should provide for free education, medical care and access to other welfare benefits
- The constitution should provide rights to life, security and property
- The constitution should provide easy access to IDs and passports
- The constitution should abolish the death penalty
- The constitution should provide for freedom of movement for all Kenyans
- The constitution should provide rights to employment to all citizens
- The constitution should entrench electricity, transport and communication as basic rights for all Kenyans
- The constitution should provide for the constitution to be translated into all languages for all Kenyans to understand
- The constitution should provide for civic education to be a continuous exercise

5.3.14. THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS

- Women should have equal rights as men (2).
- The constitution should protect people with disability against discrimination (3).
- the government should award loans and funds to disables.
- · People with disability should have special treatment.
- The constitution should prohibit child labor.
- The Elmolo and Kosoro groups should be considered as vulnerable groups.
- The constitution should make provisions for affirmative action for women and other vulnerable groups.
- There should be affirmative action for minority groups.
- Orphans should be accorded employment opportunities.
- Prisoners should be given loans to restart their living upon their release from jail.
- The constitution should provide for the protection of basic rights for all vulnerable groups
- The constitution should provide for free education for orphans and street children
- The constitution should provide for free education for the disabled
- The constitution should provide for the government to pay welfare and maintenance for all disabled persons who can not work
- The constitution should provide for equal employment opportunities and promotion for the disabled
- The constitution should provide for affirmative action in favour of the disabled to secure parliamentary and civic seats
- The constitution should provide for affirmative action in favour of all marginalized groups
- The constitution should provide for elimination of all forms of discrimination against disabled persons
- The constitution should provide for establishment of feeding programs in poor schools

- The constitution should provide for institutions for the disabled in nomadic districts
- The constitution should provide for special quotas for women in governance, the army and parliament
- The constitution should provide that men be held responsible for early pregnancies and that they should pay for the girls education
- The constitution should provide for stiff punishment for perpetrators of spousal violence
- The constitution should provide for prisoners to be paid an allowance at the end of their jail term
- The constitution should guarantee that men be compelled by law to maintain their families
- The constitution should compel children to take care of their elderly parents
- The constitution should provide for protection of the rights of prisoners
- The constitution should provide for equal inheritance rights for boys and girls

5.3.15. LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

- The local community should be the ultimate land owner (3).
- The individual should have the ultimate land ownership.
- The government should have powers to compulsorily acquire private land (2)
- The government should not have powers to compulsorily acquire private land
- The state ,local authorities and communities should have powers to control land use.
- The government should have powers to control land use by owners (2).
- The constitution should state that the entire family shall be involved selling and transfers
 of family land.
- The constitution should recognize and respect existing customs on land inheritance .
- Land should be categorized as government land local authority land or private land.
- There should be a ceiling on land owned by an individual
- No individual should own more than 10 acres of land.
- There should be restriction on land ownership by non-citizens.
- Land transfer procedures should be simplified.
- Every district should have its own commissioner of lands.
- Men and women should have equal access to land.
- Daughters and sons should inherit land equally.
- Land title deeds should have the names of both husband and wives.
- Colonial land boundaries should be retained (2).
- Pre-independence land treaties and agreements should not be retained.
- Kenyans should own land anywhere in the country.
- There should be restriction on land ownership by Kenyans so that people do not own land anywhere in the country.
- The constitution should guarantee access to land for every Kenyan (2)
- The constitution should provide for the repeal of trust land act and ensure issuance of communal title deeds
- The constitution should limit the amount of land owned by individuals to acres
- The constitution should guarantee that consent of a community is sought before the gazettement of land as National parks or game reserves

5.3.16. CULTURAL, ETHNIC, REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS

- Kenyan ethnic and cultural diversity contribute to national culture.
- The constitution should protect and promote small tribes in kenya.

- All tribes in Kenya should have right to have their culture and ethnic diversity protected.
- The constitution should protect and promote cultural and ethnic diversity
- The constitution should protect women against female genital mutilations (2).
- The government should protect girls from early marriages.
- The constitution should provide for 2 national languages; Kiswahili and English.
- The constitution should provide for protection of English and Kiswahili as Kenya's national languages.
- The constitution should recognize and promote indigenous languages (2).
- The constitution should guarantee the scrapping of all negative/harmful cultural practices
- The constitution should protect ethnic languages from extinction
- The constitution should recognize and protect all cultures and allow freedom to practice one's cultural values
- The constitution should recognize and protect all positive cultural values
- The constitution should encourage and legalize Female Genital Mutilation
- The constitution should provide for stringent measures to curb Female Genital Mutilation
- The constitution should recognize all tribes, especially the minority tribes
- The constitution should provide for an elders' peace council to deal with community security
- The constitution should abolish tribalism and discrimination along ethnic differences
- The constitution should outlaw early marriages
- The constitution should empower traditional elders to deal with local offenders

5.3.17. MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES

- Public funds should be distributed to all districts equally.
- Natural resources should be distributed equally.
- The constitution should provide for equal distribution of all national resources
- Benefits accruing from natural resources should be shared between the central government the local communities where such resources are found (4).
- Communities who live near games reserves should be get half of the revenues collected from the parks.
- The controller and auditor general should work independently.
- The controller and auditor general should be appointed by parliament.
- Civil servants should be paid well.
- Employees should be promoted on merit.
- Members of the public service commission should be appointed by the president.
- There should be a code of ethics for public office holders.
- Public servants should declare their wealth (2)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of boundaries between agriculture and pastoral areas
- The constitution should provide for marketing policies and strategies for the development of the livestock industry
- The constitution should guarantee proper development of infrastructure to ensure marketing of livestock resources
- · The constitution should provide for loans for pastoralists using livestock as security
- The constitution should provide for industries to process livestock produce
- The constitution should provide that the government compensates fishermen for destruction of fishing equipment by crocodiles
- The constitution should provide for veterinary laboratories in pastoral districts to ensure

- early detection of livestock diseases
- The constitution should provide a reduction of taxes in the economy
- The constitution should provide that national resources be distributed according to the needs of the community
- The constitution should provide for stringent measures to ensure proper management of resources
- The constitution should provide for the equipping of public hospitals
- The constitution should provide for fish processing industry in the area
- The constitution should provide for policies to enhance fish marketing both locally and abroad
- The constitution should provide for stringent measures to curb corruption
- The constitution should provide for all revenue collected from a given locality to be used to develop the local area
- The constitution should provide that the TSC pension scheme lowers the eligible minimum years of service from 10 to 5 years

5.3.18. ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

- Local communities and the government should have powers toenforce laws on the protection of the environment.
- Natural resources should belong to the local community (3)
- Local communities should protect and manage the environment.
- All natural resources should be protected by the constitution.
- Forests ,national parks and minerals should be protected by the constitution.
- Natural resources should be protected through the use of holistic approach that involves the local communities, local authorities, development agencies and the government
- The constitution should provide that exploitation of natural resources be done with consultation of local communities
- The constitution should guarantee protection of wildlife against poaching

5.3.19. PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE

- NGOs and other organized groups should have role to play in governance.
- NGOs should be allowed to operate in kenya only if they account for donor funds.
- Any newspaper that write unconfirmed stories should be made to fsce the law.
- Civil society should not have any role in governance.
- The constitution should provide for the constitution to be made available to all Kenyans
- The constitution should provide for increased participation of women in governance
- The constitution should provide for participation of the disabled persons in governance
- The constitution should compel the media to employ truth and clarity in its coverage and reporting
- The constitution should guarantee that the government respects and supports church sponsored projects
- The constitution should recognize and fund community based organizations and NGOs
- The constitution should provide for community based organizations and NGOs to be registered at the divisional level

5.3.20. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

• The constitution should provide establishment of strong international relations between Kenya and other countries

- Parliament should approve all international treaties and conventions that Kenya wants to join.
- The conduct of foreign affairs should be the responsibility of of the executive and parliament.

5.3.21. CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES

- There should be constitution commissioners elected by parliament and approved by the president.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a commission for disables , orphans and the poor to look after their affairs in terms of education , shelter , health care, training and recreation.
- A human right commission should be established.
- The constitution should establish land commission.
- The constitution should set up a commission for retirees.
- The constitution should provide for a commission to oversee the welfare of vulnerable groups
- The constitution should provide for a commission to oversee the welfare of retired persons
- The constitution should provide for a special commission to appoint senior government and judicial officers
- The constitution should provide for a human rights commission to guarantee upholding of human rights for all.

5.3.22. SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER.

- A constitution court should be in-charge of executive powers during presidential elections.
- Incoming president should assume office five years after being declared a winner.
- Retiring president should be given security.
- A provinsion should be made for retiring president in terms of welfare.

5.3.23. WOMENS RIGHTS

- Women right should be constitutionalised (2).
- The constitution should grant right to inherit property.
- Unmarried women should have right to inherit property.
- The constitution should ensure that women are entitled to wealth incase of divorce.
- The constitution should provide for distribution of property between husband and wife incase of divorce.
- Domestic violence should be criminalized (3).
- The constitution should provide for elimination of all forms of discrimination against women and girls
- The constitution should provide for elimination of all forms of violence against women

5.3.26.NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY.

- The government should control selling of petrol products.
- Rural electrification should be provided in the constitution.
- There should be measures to alleviate poverty in North Eastern province.
- The government should improve road conditions in Turkana.
- The government should improve road conditions in Eastern province.
- There should be social ,physical ,and economical infrastructure in the country.

• The government should improve road networks in the country.

5.3.27.NATIONAL OTHER POLICY.

- The constitution should protect Kenyans against police harassment.
- Home guards should be given more arms to protect the public.
- The constitution should curb corruption.
- Corruption should be eliminated in Kenya.

5.3.28. SECTORAL POLICY

- Pastrolist should be free to market their livestock anywhere in the country.
- Veterinary services should be provided to pastoralist communities.
- The government should set up water projects to irrigate semi-arid areas.
- Every community should have its own grazing and watering points which should not be interfered with by other communities.
- More industries should be set up create employment.
- The constitution should establish livestock industries for pastoralist.
- The constitution mandate Kenya institute of education to print more text books in vernacular languages.
- There should be more schools.
- Girls should be allowed to continue with their education when she gives birth.
- There should be mobile schools for pastoralist communities.
- The government should establish more boarding schools.
- Banks should accept livestock as a security for loans.
- National hospital insurance funds should be accessible to all.
- Mobile health centers should be established.
- Doctors and other hospital workers should be increased.
- The constitution should provide a conducive environment for geologist to research on precious Gemstones in marsabit district.
- Mombassa port should be privatized.
- There should be good transport facilities in the country.
- Persons with disabilities should have good transport facilities.
- The government should provide fishing nets to small-scale fishers.

5.3.29.STATUTORY LAW.

- The law should permit adoption of children.
- Cattle rustlers should be arrested and punished and forced to pay double amount of the number of cattle stolen.
- The constitution should spell heavy penalties for rapist.
- There should be tough penalties for those who impregnate girls.

5.3.30. GENDER EQUITY.

- All Kenyans irrespective of their gender should not be discriminated against.
- Women should not be entitled to gender equity.

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

Hon. Robert Kochale
 Gabbow Mohammed Hussein
 DC

3. Rev. Job Leeramo Chairman

4. Fabiano Wambile

5. Jennifer Semeiton Lenguya

6. Namiricho Galgidele

7. Somo Turuga

8. Lula Adisomo

9. Mohamud Kochale

10. Edward Lemotou

Appendix 2: Civic Education Providers (CEPs)

1. Lchekuti CBO

- 2. Gura pau CBO
- 3. Somo turuga
- 4. Samburu pastoralist community development organization
- 5. Tujitegemee livestock association (TULIA)
- 6. Comm. Swazuri
- 7. Comm.Isaac Lenaola
- 8. Pastoralist community development organization
- 9. A.I.C

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

| · | T | 1 | | _ |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 10020OMLEA | Abdinoor Sheikh | CBO | Memorandum | Lchekuyi Group |
| 20010OMLEA | Anna Marie Alyaro | CBO | Written | Korr Women Group |
| | | | | Mt. Kulal Community |
| 30005OMLEA | Boya Ogon | CBO | Written | Elders |
| 40044014154 | | 000 | 107.74 | Elders & Retired |
| 40014OMLEA | Eustace Ephantus Mutegi | CBO | Written | Persons |
| 50006OMLEA | James Orre | CBO | Written | Kargi Community |
| C0004 ON 41 EA | Lulia Adiaana | CDO | Maine area eli ine | Mwangaza Women |
| 60021OMLEA 70004OMLEA | Lulia Adisomo Makambo Lotorobo | CBO CBO | Memorandum Written | Group Jade Sea Youth Group |
| 70004OIVILEA | IVIARATIDO LOTOTODO | CBU | vvritteri | Korti Da'Khan Women |
| 80009OMLEA | Malbiyo Dokhle | СВО | Written | Group |
| 900010MLEA | Michael Basili | CBO | Written | Elmolo Community |
| 100008OMLEA | Peter G Sahado | CBO | Written | Korru Youth Group |
| 11 00120MLEA | Peter Ltamaton Galwersi | CBO | Written | Laisamis Youth Groud |
| THOOTZOWILLA | l eter Etamaton Galwersi | OBO | William | Loiyangalani |
| 120003OMLEA | Richard Eisimonte | СВО | Memorandum | Community |
| | | | | Tsangaru Iskahasho & |
| 13 0015 OMLEA | Samuel Seki | CBO | Written | Mwangan |
| | | | | Logologo Elders & |
| 14 0018OMLEA | Samuel Seki | CBO | Written | Youth |
| 15 0019 OMLEA | Simon Lazarari | CBO | Written | Nyiro Community |
| 16 0028IMLEA | Abdullahi Kidenge | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 17 0056IMLEA | Ali Kochalle | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 18 0041 IMLEA | Arkeina Orbora | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 190046IMLEA | Ben Biasin | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 20 0035IMLEA | Celestine Epeyonon | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 21 0013IMLEA | Dennis Ombachi | Individual | Written | |
| 22 0037IMLEA | Eleni Loribama | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 23 0040IMLEA | Emuria Ngimat | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 240003IMLEA | Evana Motokaa | Individual | Written | |
| 25 0012IMLEA | Fabiano Wambile | Individual | Written | |
| 260026IMLEA | Fr. Joya Heiranymus | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 27 0030IMLEA | Francis Alanya | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 28 0032IMLEA | Gabreil Lesanjir | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 290038IMLEA | Geoffrey Moru | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 30 0020IMLEA | Hon Robert I. Kochale | Individual | Memorandum | |
| 31 0005IMLEA | Hussein Isar | Individual | Written | |
| 32 0024IMLEA | James Turuga | Individual | Written | |
| 33 0008IMLEA | John Ekal | Individual | Written | |
| 34 0054IMLEA | John Sipiwa | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 35 0011IMLEA | Joseph lengoinya | Individual | Written | |
| 36 0036IMLEA | Joseph Mposhoi | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 370049IMLEA | Kalachia Lenantare | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 38 0044IMLEA | Kipkech labat | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 390057IMLEA | Kochale Abdinoor | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 40 0048IMLEA | Lagdo dogole | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 41 0045IMLEA | Lekumani Ltubukan | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 420018IMLEA | Lesas F L | Individual | Written | |
| 43 0016IMLEA | Lettore John Osman | Individual | Written | |
| 44 0001 IMLEA | Loius Lootia Lolkipayan | Individual | Written | |
| 45 0052IMLEa | Ltakanoi Lesse | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 46 0027IMLEA | Lydia Leinte | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 47 0004IMLEA | Maalim Abdikadir A Bare | Individual | Written | |
| 4/UUU4IIVILEA | ıvıaaıım Addikadır A Bare | individual | vvritten | <u> </u> |

| 480033IMLEA | Maalim Jale Hassan | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 49 0006 IMLEA | Mahmoud Bartor | Individual | Written | |
| 50 0021IMLEA | Mahmoud Kamaya | Individual | Written | |
| 51 0010IMLEA | Makambo Lotorobo | Individual | Written | |
| 52 0022IMLEA | Marico Salaban | Individual | Written | |
| 53 0002IMLEA | Mark Ekale | Individual | Written | |
| 540039IMLEA | Michael Basili | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 55 0051IMLEA | Mirgichan Mathew | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 560014IMLEA | Mohammed Harun Gedon | Individual | Written | |
| 57 0034IMLEA | Mohammed Omar | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 58 0019IMLEA | Mohamud Kochale | Individual | Memorandum | |
| 590023IMLEA | Mutegi K Kennedy | Individual | Written | |
| 60 0017IMLEA | Omar Malik | Individual | Written | |
| 61 0050IMLEA | Osman Letore | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 62 0047IMLEA | Patula Ndarabo | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 63 0043 IMLEA | Rebbeca Reefe | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 64 0007IMLEA | Rebecca Ndabasha | Individual | Written | |
| 65 0029IMLEA | Samuel Nyaenya | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 66 0025IMLEA | Samuel Seki | Individual | Memorandum | |
| 67 0055IMLEA | Soteko Lokwena | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 68 0031IMLEA | Sr. Elizabeth Nabwojo | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 69 0015IMLEA | Teresa Mutegi | Individual | Written | |
| 70 0009IMLEA | William Ebukut | Individual | Written | |
| 71 0053IMLEA | Yohana Leiga | Individual | Oral - Public he | |
| 72 0007 OMLEA | David Lubungilai | Other Institutions | Written | Disabled Group |
| 730013OMLEA | Lepakiyo Ljusi Rambes | Other Institutions | Memorandum | Laisamis Secondary School |
| 7300130WLEA | Lepakiyo Ljusi Kallibes | Other matitutions | Memorandum | Religions & Orphan |
| 7400110MLEA | Micheal N Galborileh | Other Institutions | Memorandum | Group |
| 75 0022 OMLEA | Jennifer Semeiton | Pressure Groups | Memorandum | Laisamis Women |
| 76 0002 OMLEA | Shadrack Lengoyiap | Pressure Groups | Written | Mt Kulal Youth Group |
| 770016OMLEA | Samuel Seki | Religious Organisation | Written | Logologo Catholic Church0 |
| 78 0017 OMLEA | Samuel Seki | Religious Organisation | Written | Logologo Islamic Group |

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

| No. | Name | Address | No. | Name | Address |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Pius Lokuru | N/A | 24 | Nalmasi Lorem | N/A |
| 2 | Lmebiki Sakcpo | N/A | 25 | Nakoyon Lesukat | N/A |
| 3 | Sepakiyo | N/A | 26 | Ndapiyan Lereo | N/A |
| 4 | Dennis Ombalahi | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 27 | Sama Oky Lekuraki | N/A |
| 5 | Christopher Lesupati | N/A | 28 | Kamorto Lekimire | N/A |
| 6 | Anthoni Basele | N/A | 29 | Napeya Domal | N/A |
| 7 | Jonathan Galwahaa | N/A | 30 | Narno Parkeri | N/A |
| 8 | Sotika Leupone | N/A | 31 | Zainbib Abdiraman | N/A |
| ç | Johanne Leikor | N/A | 32 | Teresa Mutegi | N/A |
| 10 | Abdinoor Shekhi | N/A | 33 | Anyis Kamaya | N/A |
| 11 | Lula Adisomo | N/A | 34 | Maria Legima | N/A |
| 12 | Uchana Godana | N/A | 35 | Foutty Nine | N/A |
| 13 | John Oche | N/A | 36 | Leago Lebonyoi | N/A |
| 14 | Lomirayo Galwahoa | N/A | 37 | Maripan Lepati | N/A |
| 15 | Paul Lenguyo | N/A | 38 | Veronica Lito | N/A |
| 16 | Rusowa | N/A | 39 | Nyiami Leupano | N/A |
| 17 | Kuli | N/A | 40 | Sikite Kongoman | N/A |
| 18 | Ali Mamo | N/A | 41 | Kesinoi Leite | N/A |
| 19 | Peter L. Galwers | N/A | 42 | Ntisamon Leito | N/A |
| 20 | Lpirano Leasus | N/A | 43 | Siyai Lemirdana | N/A |
| 21 | John Lenalepo | N/A | 44 | Lucy Lesurwa | N/A |
| 22 | Maasai | N/A | 45 | Litayon Lecipone | N/A |
| 23 | Belesiayo Super | N/A | 46 | Sesian Lekumlang | N/A |
| 47 | Batulo Abdivish | N/A | 70 | Kochale L. Abdinoor | P.O. Box 319, Marsabit |
| 48 | Nkaleyon Orguba | N/A | 71 | James L. Basele | P.O. Box 30, Laisamis |
| 49 | Ndukicha Baati | N/A | 72 | Yussuf O. Galmogle | P.O. Box 4, Isiolo |
| 50 | Justole Mutegi | N/A | 73 | Joseph lekutukai | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 51 | Kopoto Lordangos | N/A | 74 | K. Labatt | P.O. Box 1, Marsabit |
| 52 | Lenatere | N/A | 75 | Lino L. Lejale | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 53 | Lekeriya | N/A | 76 | Ali Rochali | P.O. Box 319, Marsabit |
| 54 | Lmitisian | N/A | 77 | Thomas L. Lema | Merille |
| 55 | Dr. S.K. Maura | N/A | 78 | Abdullahi Samana | Merille |
| 56 | Cllr. Mohamud Kochake | N/A | 79 | Hon. Kochalle | P.O. Box 41842, Nairobi |
| 57 | Habule Abdala | N/A | 80 | Mohamud Kamaya | P.O. Box 319, Marsabit |
| 58 | Lebonyo Letokoro | N/A | 81 | Gikupes | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 59 | Lardo Dokhole | N/A | 82 | Koya Galgitlbele | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 60 | Amiyo Joggo | N/A | 83 | Dokhole | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 61 | Lmetia Lesurmat | N/A | 84 | Leruso | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 62 | Lmerikai Lesidai | N/A | 85 | Lochukwa Leankevang | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 63 | Gorrima | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis | 86 | Lekulal Loibor | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 64 | Lesuper Ivato | N/A | 87 | Dokhole | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 65 | Rev. William Wago | P.O. Box 51, Marsabit | 88 | Lekalkina | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 66 | A.N. Kaldalle | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis | 89 | Lebo Seiman | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |

| 67 Baltor Hussein | P.O. Box 11, Isiolo | 90 | Sukuta | N/A |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 68 Galgitele Edward | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 91 | Leisoro Korok | N/A |
| 69 Abdullahi H. Kotira | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis | 92 | Lobuku | N/A |
| 93 Leado | N/A | 116 | Letanyaki Orguba | P.O.Merille |
| 94 Lebulia | N/A | 117 | Lepakiyo Ljusi | P.O. Merille |
| 95 John Muga | P.O. Box 46782, Nairobi | 118 | Samuel Seki | P.O. Box 212, Marsabi |
| 96 Galhale | N/A | 119 | James Basele | N/A |
| 97 Lekutai | N/A | 120 | Kochale L. Abdinoor | P.O. Box 319, Marsabit |
| 98 Simon Lekaisiu | N/A | 121 | Joseph L. Lepati | P.O. Box 319, Marsabit |
| 99 Narimor | N/A | 122 | Lmeli Galgitelle | N/A |
| 100 Naingida | N/A | 123 | Abdullahi Ausseih | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis |
| 101 Lekoyan | N/A | 124 | Abdi Lama | P.O. Box 42, Marsabit |
| 102 Letaleyo | N/A | 125 | Lerapo | N/A |
| 103 Lekato | N/A | 126 | Lesas | P.O. Box 113, Marsabit |
| 104 Lekalora | N/A | 127 | Labatt | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis |
| 105 Narimoro Lenguya | P.O.Box 74, Isiolo | 128 | Yussuff Galmogle | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 106 Loisinga Lesurmat | c/o Chief Lallamic | 129 | Teresa Galgidele | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 107 Louyai | c/o Chief Lallamic | 130 | Kennedy Murethi | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 108 David Loputo | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 131 | Thomas L. Lengima | N/A |
| 109 Abdullahi Lsamana | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 132 | Lino L. Lejale | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 110 Salaban Marko | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 133 | Mohamed Ambelle | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 111 Joseph Kutukai | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 134 | Gelgitele Edward | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 112 Lentilai Ngeiyan | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 135 | Baltor Hussein | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 113 Ali Kochals | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 136 | A.N. Kaldalle | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis |
| 114 Eustace Mutegi | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 137 | Rev. William Wogo | P.O. Box 5, Marsabit |
| 115 Abdi Norr | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 138 | E. Chapaley | P.O. Box 5, Marsabit |
| 139 Josso | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis | 162 | Nakuniya | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 140 Chimbire Sanana | P.O. Box 1, Laisamis | 163 | Ntitoya | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 141 Lemian Keriya | P.O. Box 4, Isiolo | 164 | Lruni Coard | P.O. Box 91, Isiolo |
| 142 Kalantia Lenantars | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 165 | Lebonyo | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 143 J.L. Turuya | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 166 | Marakulo | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 144 Kosi Lesioro | P.O. Laisamis | 167 | James Leringa | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 145 Ndoroko Lesioro | P.O. Laisamis | 168 | Nkoley Lapano | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 146 John Nareyo | P.O. Laisamis | 169 | Mirgichan Mathew | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 147 Ntitoya Super | P.O. Laisamis | 170 | Ltapukan Lugumani | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 148 Naado Lechakwet | P.O. Laisamis | 171 | Sisters Laisamis | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 149 Nalisen | P.O. Laisamis | 172 | Paul Galgettele | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 150 Fatush Hajuhe | P.O. Laisamis | 173 | Keriano Pokodou | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 151 Narno | P.O. Laisamis | 174 | Amiyo Augustine | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 152 Alfred Lemasai | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 175 | Lekopir Loingopa | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 153 Michael N. Galborlef | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 176 | Ben Biasin | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 154 Hussein Ahmed | P.O. Laisamis | 177 | Lokitejo Letelwa | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 155 Galmalo Lenrail | P.O.Box 74, Isiolo | 178 | Peter Waeru | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
| 156 Ltereton Laibwanani | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 179 | Joseph L. Leseuloi | P.O. Box 40,Laisamis |
| 157 Adisomo Arere | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 180 | Rev. Daniel Lemadadia | P.O. Box 26, Marsabit |
| 158 Mbore Harao | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 181 | Fr. John Kure Lenawamuro | P.O. Box 26, Marsabit |

| 159 Lekombe | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 182 Anthony Baselle | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 160 Rangison Lesurmat | P.O.Box 74, Isiolo | 183 Maalim Abdikadira Bare | P.O. Box 5,Loiyangalar |
| 161 Nkinketan | P.O. Box 74, Isiolo | 184 Abdullali Kidenye | P.O. Box 2, Loiyangala |
| 185 Hustein Isak | P.O. Box 5, Loiyangalani | 208 Diba Ibrahim | P.O. Box 1, Loiyangala |
| 186 Nabilahi Koribang | P.O. Box 1, Loiyangalani | 209 Ismail Hussein | P. O. Box 16, Brg. |
| 187 Lawrence Lemoton | P. O. Box 1, Loiyangali | 210 Abdi Lshakur | P.O. Box 7, Loiyangala |
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| 299 Geoffrey Moru | Loiyangalani | 322 | Musa A. Okola | Loiyangalani |
| 323 Mohamud N. Baltor | Loiyangalani | 346 | Kunia Epeyon | Loiyangalani |
| 324 Ali Mohamed | Loiyangalani | 347 | Jacinta Lebasha | Loiyangalani |
| 325 Salat Mohamed | Loiyangalani | 348 | Bernadeta Naliest | Loiyangalani |
| 326 Gabriel Lesanjir | Loiyangalani | 349 | Amina Wolde | Loiyangalani |
| 327 Lawrence Ewoi | Loiyangalani | 350 | Angelo Dabalen | Loiyangalani |
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| 339 Abdi Noor | Loiyangalani | | Benedict Leurare | Loiyangalani |
| 340 Edadal Nangorot | Loiyangalani | | Joseph Akolong | Loiyangalani |
| 341 Letimoya Lebacha | Loiyangalani | | Ibrahim Hussein | Loiyangalani |
| 342 Philip Lesere | Loiyangalani | | John Pope Wambisa | Loiyangalani |

| 343 Ekiru Lopachol | Loiyangalani | 366 Raymond Lekapana | Loiyangalani |
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| 345 Ekale Moding | Loiyangalani | 368 Boniface Natiyama | Loiyangalani |
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| 370 Benina Akulit | Loiyangalani | 393 Limongoni Engolan | Loiyangalani |
| 371 Benina Lemotou | Loiyangalani | 394 Mohamed Omar | Loiyangalani |
| 372 Julius Ekaru | Loiyangalani | 395 Shadrack Lengoiyap | Gatab |
| 373 Daang Edusie | Loiyangalani | 396 Susana Sirayon | Loiyangalani |
| 374 Isaak Nangole | Loiyangalani | 397 J.L. Lengoyap | Mt. Kulal |
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| 379 Austin Ouko | Loiyangalani | 402 Esunyen Ekapet | Loiyangalani |
| 380 Loole Losiamoi | Loiyangalani | 403 Chiwe Akiru | Loiyangalani |
| 381 Veronica Lesanjir | Loiyangalani | 404 Mohamed Isaak | Loiyangalani |
| 382 Juma Rajabu | Loiyangalani | 405 Lowake Ekatapan | Loiyangalani |
| 383 Ekale Chookon | Loiyangalani | 406 Scholastica Lekilo | Loiyangalani |
| 384 Stephen Nakeno | Loiyangalani | 407 Orich Eris | Loiyangalani |
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| 416 Alice Odhiambo | Loiyangalani | 422 Barnaba Silale | Loiyangalani |
| 417 Rosemary Ekal | Loiyangalani | 423 James Odhiambo | Loiyangalani |
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| 420 Adovdov Eyapan | Loiyangalani | 426 Ann Lekapana | Loiyangalani |