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1. DISTRICT CONTEXT

Mbita Constituency is a constituency in Suba District. Suba District is one of 12 districts of the Nyanza Province of Kenya.

1.1. Demographic Characteristics

District Population by Sex	Male	Female	Total
	75,167	80,499	155,666
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	44,318	43,789	88,107
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	30,849	36,710	67,559
Population Density (persons/Km²)	147		

1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Suba District:

- Is the one of the least densely populated district in the province, being ranked 11th of the 12 Nyanza Province Districts;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 74.0%, being ranked 7th in the province and 29th nationally;
- Has a secondary school enrolment rate of 10.4%, being ranked the least (12th) in the province and 56th nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, Respiratory Tract Infections, Urinary Tract Infections, Diarrhoea Diseases, Skin Diseases & Infections;
- Is on the edge of Lake Victoria. Much of its land is suitable for peasant subsistence agriculture;
- Economic mainstay is subsistence farming, fishing, and growing of cotton and sugar cane as the main cash crops. Cotton used to be a major crop and can still be one, especially with the opportunities presented by the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA).

Suba district has 2 constituencies: Mbita, and Gwasi. The district's 2 MPs each cover on average an area of 528 Km² to reach 77,833 constituents. This is an opposition stronghold. In the 1997 general elections, NDP won both the parliamentary seats. In Mbita Constituency, NDP won with 78.86% valid votes, while in Gwasi Constituency, with 65.38% valid votes. The creation of the district was calculated to enhance the chances of KANU winning a seat in Luo Land.

2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

2.1. Socio-Economic Profile

The main economic activity is fishing.

2.2. Electioneering and Political Information

The clan factor plays a pivotal role in deciding who eventually runs in general elections. In terms of population, Gembe has a slight edge followed by Lambwe, Rusinga, and Mfangano in that order. It was thought that this arithmetic favored Otieno Kajwang', the NDP candidate in the 1997 general elections. In 2002, the National Rainbow Coalition won the seat.

2.3. 1992 General Election Results

1992 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			37,682
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Omolo Opere	FORD-K	24,771	91.75
Peter Nyakiambo	KANU	2,114	7.83
Thomas Nyambega	DP	63	0.23
James Nyakira	FORD-A	49	0.18
<i>Total Valid Votes</i>		26,997	100.00
Rejected Votes		42	
Total Votes Cast		27,039	
% Turnout		73.90	
% Rejected/Cast		0.16	

2.4. 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			25,640*
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Gerald Otieno Kajwang'	NDP	13,853	78.86
Eliazar Ochieng Ochola	KANU	3,502	19.94
John Olang Sana	SDP	212	1.21
<i>Total Valid Votes</i>		17,567	100.00
Rejected Votes		187	
Total Votes Cast		17,754	
% Turnout		69.65	
% Rejected/Cast		1.05	

*The reduction in registered voters is as a result of Gwasi, a new constituency, being carved out of Mbita.

2.5. **Main Problems**

- Poverty;
- Poor communication network;
- Lack of social services; and
- The main economic activity, fishing, being threatened by the water hyacinth and over-fishing.

3. **CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS**

3.1. **Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)**

3.1.1. **Philosophy**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people’s knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. **Composition and Establishment**

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums ‘to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission’s work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign’ - (sec. 12A (6)). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views ‘directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum’. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and ‘open forum with no specific structures’, which should be ‘flexible and easy to manage’. Its opinion was that the ‘existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots’ (*The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997*, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the ‘facilitation’ of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs ' through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. **Functions of CCF**

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. **Functions of CCC**

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. **Date of Commencement of Work**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. **District Coordinators**

3.2.1. **Mandate/Terms of Reference**

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. **Criteria for Appointment**

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

4. **CIVIC EDUCATION**

Civic education in the constitution was carried out between 2ND February 2002 and 6th June 2002

4.1. **Phases covered in civic education**

Stage 1 is the only phase that has been covered. This is the stage preceding collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. **Issues and areas covered**

- Nationhood and nation building

- The law making process
- Supremacy of the constitution
- Parliament and legislature
- Constitution: models, types and meaning
- Structures and systems of government
- Organs and levels of government
- defense and national security

5. **CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS**

5.1. **Logistical Details**

5.1.1. **Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings**

- a) Date(s): 14th and 17th June 2002
- a) Total Number of Days: 2

5.1.2. **Venue**

- a) Number of Venues: 2
- a) Venue(s): 1) ICIPE Complex
 - 1) Kakimba Secondary School – Mfangano Island

5.1.3. Panels

- a) Commissioners
- 1.Com. Mutakha Kangu
 - 2.Com. Issac Lenaola

 - 3.Com. Prof. Wanjiku Kabira
 - 4.Com. Ibrahim Lethome
- a) Secretariat
- 1.Collins Mukewa - Programme Officer
 - 3.Rosalinda Nduati - Assistant Programme Officer
 - 4.Floria Wafula - Verbatim Recorder

5.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number
Number of People Who Presented		115
Sex	Male	89
	Female	18
	Not Stated	8
Presenter Type	Individual	51
	Institutions	57
	Not Stated	7
Educational Background	Primary Level	17
	Secondary/High School Level	60
	College	4
	University	13
	None	13
	Not Stated	8
	Other (Adult Education/Vernacular/Madrassa/Informal Education)	0

Category	Details	Number
Form Presentation of	Memoranda	0
	Oral	43
	Written	32
	Oral + Memoranda	25
	Oral + Written	15
	Not Stated	0

5.3. **Concerns and Recommendations**

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Mbita. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

5.3.1. **PREAMBLE**

- The constitution should have a preamble.
- The preamble should recognize that Kenya is a God fearing country.
- The preamble should express the need for power sharing among Kenyans.
- The preamble should pronounce the diversity of the Kenyan tribes.
- The preamble should reflect the common experiences of Kenyans.

5.3.2. **DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY**

- The constitution should have statements capturing national philosophy and guiding principles.
- The constitution should reflect that The constitution should be for the people by and by the people.
- The constitution should provide for independence of the three arms of government. (2)
- The constitution should provide for promotion of peace and development.
- The constitution should reflect peace stability and development.

5.3.3. **CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY**

- The constitution should provide that 65% vote in parliament shall have power to amend the constitution. (3)
- The constitution should abolish the 65% majority vote trequired to amend the constitution. (2)
- The constitution should provide that 70% majority vote be required by parliament for constitutional amendments.

- The constitution should limit the powers of parliament to amend the constitution.
- The constitution should provide that constitutional lawyers form a commission to amend the constitution.
- The constitution should limit parliaments powers to amend provisions on the dissolution and resolution of parties.
- The constitution should provide that constitutional amendment shall only be through a public referendum. (10)
- The constitution should provide that independent bodies conduct public referendums. (2)

5.3.4. **CITIZENSHIP**

- The constitution should confer to all persons born of Kenyan parents automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to anyone who is born in Kenya. (2)
- The constitution should provide that anyone whose grandparents are Kenyan be conferred automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that citizenship be acquired through registration or naturalization. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the process of registration to become a citizen should be strict.
- The constitution should provide that a Kenyan woman spouse should not confer automatic citizenship to her foreign husband.
- The constitution should provide that any spouse to a Kenyan should be allowed to apply for citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that spouses of Kenyan citizens irrespective of gender should be automatic citizens.
- The constitution should confer to all persons born of at least one Kenyan parent automatic citizenship. (6)
- The constitution should provide that all citizens have a right to life, water, own property and travel freely.
- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans should have an obligation to pay taxes.
- The constitution should provide for dual citizenship. (2)
- The constitution should not allow dual citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that passports should be issued as a right but not privilege
- The constitution should provide for simplified process of acquiring ID cards.
- The constitution should provide that all citizens be issued national IDs and Passports.
- The constitution should provide that all citizens be issued national IDs at the age of 10 years.
- The constitution should provide that passports be issued at no fee.

5.3.5. **DEFENSE AND NATIONAL SECURITY**

- The constitution should establish the disciplined forces. (2)
- The constitution should establish an independent police force.
- The constitution should provide that the role of traffic police be abolished as they do not perform.
- The constitution should provide that the commissioner General of Police be the head of

the police force, and should be appointed by the president.

- The constitution should provide for the restructuring of the police training programs.
- The constitution should provide for an independent police commission to manage the police force.
- The constitution should provide that police force should be under local authorities.
- The constitution should provide for professionalism to be instilled in the police force.
- The constitution should provide for the police force to receive a 200 percent salary increment.
- The constitution should provide that the police should be highly trained professionals to be able to curb white-collar crimes. (2)
- The constitution should provide that indiscipline cases in the police should be punishable by life imprisonment.
- The constitution should provide that the armed forces be disciplined through martial courts.
- The constitution should provide that the police be tried in civilian courts. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be the commander in chief of the armed forces. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be the commander in chief of the armed forces.
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister be the commander in chief of the armed forces.
- The constitution should provide that the cabinets have power to declare war.
- The constitution should provide that the president have exclusive power to declare war.
- The constitution should permit the use of extraordinary powers in emergencies.
- The constitution should empower parliament with powers to invoke emergency powers.

5.3.6. **POLITICAL PARTIES**

- The constitution should provide that political parties play the role of creating public awareness other than political mobilization.
- The constitution should provide that after elections, only the first five parties be registered and the rest be deregistered.
- The constitution should regulate the formation, conduct and management of political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a political party should have at least 10% voter support from at least five provinces.
- The constitution should provide that political parties without representatives in parliament should be deregistered.
- The constitution should provide that political parties, which do not have support in at least 3 to 5 provinces, be deregistered.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should not be deregistered for lack of a sitting MP.
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to two. (2)
- The constitution should provide for only four political parties.
- The constitution should provide for 5 political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide for political parties to be between 3 and 4.
- The constitution should provide for the number of political parties to be reduced to ten.
- The constitution should not provide a limit to number of political parties.

- The constitution should provide for 3 political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide that political parties finance themselves.. (2)
- The constitution should provide that political parties shall be funded by the government. (7)
- The constitution should provide that parties that attain at least 20% of seats should be funded by the exchequer.
- The constitution should provide that funding from government coffers of political parties should be to only the three strongest parties.

5.3.7. **STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT**

- The constitution should retain the presidential system of government. (3)
- The constitution should adopt the parliamentary system of government. (6)
- The constitution should provide for the office of a prime minister as head of government. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister shall be voted by the people. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister appoint chief government officers.
- The constitution should provide for a system of government with a ceremonial president and a prime minister from the majority party. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister be from the majority party in parliament. (4)
- The constitution should provide that there would be two deputy prime ministers with president giving them duties.
- The constitution should provide that the president be a ceremonial head. (4)
- The constitution should provide for a unitary form of government with a president as head of state.
- The constitution should provide for a federal system of government. (8)
- The constitution should provide for 8 provincial governors.
- The constitution should provide for devolution of power from the executive to other arms of government- the legislature and judiciary.
- The constitution should provide that power be devolved to lower levels of government. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the vice president should be elected as a running mate of the president. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the vice president be elected by the people.
- The constitution should provide that the vice president hold executive powers when the president is out of the country.
- The constitution should provide that the attorney general should have security of two years term and should not be a Member of Parliament and cabinet.
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General be independent in decision-making.
- The constitution should divide the office of the Attorney General i.e. one part to be the chief legal advisor and the other being the chief prosecutor.
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General appear in court on behalf of the president.
- The constitution should provide that the AG serves for a 10-year tenure.
- The constitution should provide that the AG be the chief legal advisor to the government, director of public prosecution, draft bills and treaties and should serve for a term of 5

years.

5.3.8. **THE LEGISLATURE**

- The constitution should provide that parliament vets appointments of all senior public servants. (5)
- The constitution should provide parliament should vet presidential appointment of chief army officers.
- The constitution should provide that parliament vets all presidential appointments. (2)
- The constitution should empower parliament to establish public offices.
- The constitution should provide that parliament establish mechanisms to act as checks and balances for the executive.
- The constitution should provide that parliament makes its own calendar/timetable. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliament have unlimited control of its own procedures. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliaments quorum required for parliamentary debates be 1/3 of the total MPs.
- The constitution should provide that being an MP be a full time occupation. (2)
- The constitution should provide that being an MP be a part time occupation.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should not have full time jobs elsewhere.
- The constitution should provide that minimum voting age should 16 years.
- The constitution should provide that the contesting age for parliamentary seats be 26 years and above.
- The constitution should provide that the contesting age for parliamentary seats be 25 years and above.
- The constitution should provide that the contesting age for presidential seats be 35 years and above. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the contesting age for presidential seats be between 45 to 60 years.
- The constitution should provide that the contesting age for presidential seats be between 30 to 60 years.
- The constitution should provide that the contesting age for presidential seats be between 55 to 65 years.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 40 and 65 years.
- The constitution should provide that a president should be between 55 and 65 years.
- The constitution should provide that a president should be at least 35 years.
- The constitution should provide that MPs have a minimum education of degree.
- The constitution should provide that MPs have a minimum education of a diploma certificate.
- The constitution should provide that MPs have a minimum education of an O'level certificate. (3)
- The constitution should provide for moral and ethical qualifications for MPs. (3)
- The constitution should provide that MPs should not hold any office in his/her constituency.
- The constitution should provide that the public shall have power to recall a non performing MP. (13)
- The constitution should provide that MPs act on the basis of instructions from their constituents. (4)

- The constitution should provide that MPs serve for terms of 2 terms of 5 years each.
- The constitution should provide that MPs serve for a period of a term of 5 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide that MPs shall not decide on their own salary.
- The constitution should provide that MPs shall not be paid pension. (2)
- The constitution should provide for establishment of a commission to determine salary of MPs. (6)
- The constitution should provide that the Public Service Commission determines salaries and benefits of MPs.
- The constitution should provide that there should be no nominations to parliament. (3)
- The constitution should retain the concepts of nominated MPs. (7)
- The constitution should provide that nominated MPs should be appointed to cabinet.
- The constitution should provide that 35% of the seats be reserved for women in parliament.
- The constitution should provide that MPs report back the development plans for their constituencies after 6 months.
- The constitution should provide that an MP who fails to attend 3 consecutive proceedings of parliament be relieved of their duties.
- The constitution should provide that MP should not have any private businesses.
- The constitution should provide that MPs who are undergoing court cases should resign immediately.
- The constitution should provide for a coalition government. (2)
- The constitution should not permit a coalition government.
- The constitution should provide for a multi-party representation at the executive and legislature levels.
- The constitution should provide for creation of two houses of parliament namely the upper house of governors and lower house for MPs. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliament have power to remove the president through a vote of no confidence. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have power to veto legislation passed in parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president shall not have the power to dissolve parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should dissolve parliament at will.
- The constitution should provide for a date of dissolving parliament.
- The constitution should provide that MPs have constituency offices. (4)

5.3.9. **THE EXECUTIVE**

- The constitution should provide that the presidential candidate be a degree holder, morally upright, Kenyan citizen and married. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate have a minimum education of degree.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate be free from criminal record.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate have a minimum education of O'level certificate.
- The constitution should provide that the president should serve two five-year terms. (8)
- The constitution should provide that the president should serve two four-year terms. (3)
- The constitution should fix presidential tenure to one term.

- The constitution should define presidential functions. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president appoints the cabinet. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president has the right to give orders, which should be obeyed.
- The constitution should provide that the president appoints prime minister.
- The constitution should provide that a president might remove the prime minister at any time for any reason with 50% approval of parliament.
- The constitution should provide for three-year presidential term.
- The constitution should provide a president should appoint a prime minister who should in turn appoint a council of ministers.
- The constitution should provide that a president shall assent all the bills.
- The constitution should provide that the president shall be ceremonial.
- The constitution should set limits to presidential powers. (20)
- The constitution should provide that the president shall not have the power to appoint judges.
- The constitution should debar the president from making appointments to constitutional offices.
- The constitution should provide that a president should not be a chancellor of any university. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have the power to dismiss the prime minister.
- The constitution should provide that where a president breaches the constitution he can be impeached and vice president would take over and continue until an aggregate 5 years for both is complete.
- The constitution should provide for the removal of the president due to misconduct. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the legislature and the executive be independent of the executive. (3)
- The constitution should provide that a president should attend all parliamentary proceedings and participate in debates on government policy. (2)
- The constitution should provide that president should not be an MP. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the president be an MP. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president and vice president should not be members of parliament to remove their influence from parliament.
- The constitution should provide that provincial administration should be maintained. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the provincial administration be abolished. (3)
- The constitution should provide that women should not be appointed as chiefs or assistant chiefs. (2)
- The constitution should provide that clan elders shall be paid by the government. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the chief executive should be the head of all officers in the district.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs shall be amenable to transfers. (14)
- The constitution should provide that women should not be appointed chiefs.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs be elected by the people and have at least an O level certificate. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the District Development Committee fully monitor the expenditure of the district.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs be responsible for the issuing of national ids.
- The constitution should abolish the posts of chiefs and replace them with elected

councilors.

- The constitution should abolish provincial administration and replace it with federal units.
- The constitution should abolish the posts of DO and DC and replace them with strong local authorities.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs educate the citizens on their rights.
- The constitution should replace provincial administration with elected members.
- The constitution should provide that corrupt administration police be sacked.
- The constitution should provide that every ministry have one minister and assistant minister.
- The constitution should specify that size of government. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the cabinet be composed of the president, vice president and ministers.

5.3.10. **THE JUDICIARY**

- The constitution should provide for an independent judiciary. (8)
- The constitution should address corruption within the judiciary with a view to curb it.
- The constitution should provide for lawyers to be prosecutors as opposed to the police.
- The constitution should provide that judges shall apply through the chief justice then appointed by president with approval of national assembly.
- The constitution should provide for protection and security of Kadhis.
- The constitution should provide that the judicial system practice justice rather than injustice.
- The constitution should retain the current structure of the judiciary.
- The constitution should provide that there should be a supreme court with jurisdiction to hear constitutional matters.
- The constitution should establish a supreme court presided over by the chief Justice to bear and adjudicate appeals before it.
- The constitution should provide that the chief justice judges be appointed by the president. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the judicial service commission should not have appointments such as A.G, C.J.
- The constitution should provide that the judiciary appoints the chief Justice.
- The constitution should provide that the tenure of judicial officers be at the mercy of the president.
- The constitution should provide that judges hold office until the age of 70 years.
- The constitution should provide that judges enjoying security of tenure and abuse power in office be relieved of their duties.
- The constitution should provide that Kadhis and Chief Kadhis have the same judicial work as judges.
- The constitution should provide for free legal aid to the poor. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the court reduce their legal charges so as to ensure all have access to courts.
- The constitution should provide that the council of elders be the supreme law on land conflicts.

5.3.11. LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen be elected directly by the people. (18)
- The constitution should provide for 2 and a 1/2-year term for mayors and council chairmen instead of the current 2.
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for a term of 6 years.
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for a term of 5 years.
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for a term of 4 years.
- The constitution should provide that county councils should be allowed to operate independent of the central government. (5)
- The constitution should provide that local authorities be run and regulated by the local people.
- The constitution should provide that mayors should be graduates while councilors should be KCSE holders. (11)
- The constitution should provide language tests for those vying for local authority seats. (2)
- The constitution should abolish the language requirement for local authority seats.
- The constitution should provide that councilors be area residents of the particular area and should be a registered voter.
- The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for councilors. (2)
- The constitution should have a provision for the people to call back a non-performing councilor. (8)
- The constitution should have a provision for the people to call back a non-performing councilor through writing to the minister for local government accompanied with 50% votes from the registered voters.
- The constitution should provide for the councilors to be paid by the central government. (4)
- The constitution should provide for better pay for councilors.
- The constitution should provide that councilors be paid salaries and allowances drawn from the Ministry of Local government
- The constitution should provide that salaries and allowances of councilors be determined by the Public Service Commission.
- The constitution should provide that on retirement councilors receive a pension of about 800,000 shillings.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated councilors. (2)
- The constitution should abolish the concept of nominated councilors
- The constitution should provide that the president or the minister for local government should not have power to dissolve councils. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the town clerk should be under a mayor.
- The constitution should provide that council revenues should be submitted to the local council treasury.
- The constitution should provide that town and urban councils should be done away with and only municipal councils and cities should be retained.
- The constitution should provide that there should be local councils in all districts headed by a chief executive elected by universal suffrage.

- The constitution should provide that the national assembly should head municipalities with a mayor elected by the people and he will be the chief executive and answerable to a council with a chairman.
- The constitution should provide that the local authorities should be allowed to hire and fire their staff.
- The constitution should provide that councils have powers to collect taxes from citizens.
- The constitution should provide that councils give loans to small enterprises.
- The constitution should provide that the mayor control all staff in the ministries.

5.3.12. THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

- The constitution should provide that elections should be by secret ballot.
- The constitution should retain the simple majority rule as a basis of winning the elections.
- The constitution should
- The constitution should provide protection to women against intimidation during elections.
- The constitution should design electoral process to increase women's participation.
- The constitution should provide that a president should get a 50% majority vote. (2)
- The constitution should provide that when there is no clear winner through attaining the minimum percentage a run-off should be carried out between the top two candidates.
- The constitution should not allow candidates who fail to be nominated by one party to seek nomination from another party.
- The constitution should provide for no defections between parties within the term. (2)
- The constitution should provide that if a person defects from his/her party, the speaker should declare his/her seat vacant and call for a by-election. (2)
- The constitution should not allow for defections between parties.
- The constitution should retain the 25% representation in 5 provinces for presidential elections. (2)
- The constitution should reserve seats for the disabled in parliament. (3)
- The constitution should reserve seats for the people residing in settlement schemes in parliament.
- The constitution should reserve seats for the marginalized groups in parliament.
- The constitution should reserve 10% seats in parliament for women.
- The constitution should reserve seats for the youth in parliament
- The constitution should provide that geographical features and means of communication be considered in demarcation of constituencies.
- The constitution should provide that the Ruma areas and Lambwe division should not be split into another constituency.
- The constitution should provide that there should be between 300 and 350 constituencies.
- The constitution should provide for a review of constituency boundaries.
- The constitution should provide that the demarcation of constituencies be based on population. (2)
- The constitution should provide presidential, parliamentary and civic elections should be held at different times. (3)
- The constitution should provide presidential, parliamentary and civic elections should be held simultaneously.
- The constitution should provide that civil servants wishing to contest should be granted leave and be allowed back.
- The constitution should provide for continuous voter registration.
- The constitution should provide that independent candidates should be allowed to run for presidency. (2)
- The constitution should provide for independent candidates.
- The constitution should provide for a constitutionally set election timetable.
- The constitution should allow citizens to acquire voters cards without having their national identity.
- The constitution should specify the election date. (2)
- The constitution should provide that presidential elections be done directly. (5)
- The constitution should provide that presidency should be rotational in terms of tribe. (2)

- The constitution should provide that the president be elected by MPs from among 3 candidates presented by the Prime Minister.
- The constitution should provide that the president be appointed by MPs or Ministers. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the 2002 elections be held under the new constitution.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners be appointed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the Electoral Commissioners serve for 5 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide for only 8 electoral commissioners.
- The constitution should provide for a reduction in electoral commissioners to 7 with an officer in charge of administration.
- The constitution should provide for independence of the electoral commission and should consist of 8 commissioners from the eight provinces.
- The constitution should provide that election violence to the common man be treated with seriousness.

5.3.13. **BASIC RIGHTS**

- The constitution should ensure that all citizens be treated equally without discrimination.
- The constitution should entrench economic, cultural and social rights to all citizens.
- The constitution should guarantee all citizens freedom from intimidation.
- The constitution should provide for freedom of worship. (9)
- The constitution should provide that freedom of worship should be limited.
- The constitution should guarantee freedom of assembly.
- The constitution should guarantee freedom of speech and movement.
- The constitution should provide freedom of association
- The constitution should guarantee all citizens the right to life.
- The constitution should replace the death sentence with life imprisonment.
- The constitution should provide for the abolition of death penalty.
- The constitution should protect all the basic rights for all citizens. (6)
- The constitution should provide that wealthy Kenyans are entitled to hold firearms for self-protection.
- The constitution should provide security to all citizens. (2)
- The constitution should provide for free health care to all Kenyans. (5)
- The constitution should provide for quality health services to and guarantee mandatory health insurance.
- The constitution should guarantee free health services to all pregnant women.
- The constitution should guarantee free health care to children below the age of 18 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide for free and clean water to all Kenyans. (3)
- The constitution should provide education for all citizens.
- The constitution should provide for free primary education.
- The constitution should ensure that all citizens have access to free education. (6)
- The constitution should offer free equal education opportunities for all the disabled. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education from primary to secondary.
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to university level.

- The constitution should provide for establishment of feeding programs in schools.
- The constitution should provide for creation of job opportunities through sustainable development planning.
- The constitution should provide that the government enforces one-man one job policy. (5)
- The constitution should provide equal employment opportunities for the disabled.
- The constitution should provide that the government offer favorable pension terms and pay pension to individuals. (2)
- The constitution should provide for equal employment opportunities for women.
- The constitution should provide for an increment in the retirement age.
- The constitution should provide that pension be paid efficiently and timely. (5)
- The constitution should ensure that the government creates job opportunities for the unemployed youth. (3)
- The constitution should increase the retirement age to 65 years.
- The constitution should promote good working conditions and promotions on merit.
- The constitution should provide that all citizens above the age of 70 be entitled to social security.
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education upto standard 8. (12)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education up to form 4. (5)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education for children between 5 and 18 years.
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education up to university. (2)
- The constitution should be easily available to all citizens. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that the government provides civic education to all citizens.
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary proceedings be aired through the media.
- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans have access to information in the hands of the state. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that military expenditure is made public information to the citizens.
- The constitution should provide that all workers have a roght to trade union representation.
- The constitution should provide that Saturday be made a day of worship. (3)
- The constitution should provide that all citizens have a right to benefit from government programmes and policies.

5.3.14. **THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS**

- The constitution should protect women from sexual exploitation and all other forms of intimidation.
- The constitution should guarantee and protect the rights of the disabled.
- The constitution should provide that the disabled be given chances to vie for any elective posts.
- The constitution should provide for the physically impaired be give priority in employment.
- The constitution should provide that public buildings should be designed to suit the needs of the disabled persons. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the sign language should be introduced in schools.
- The constitution should provide for a national council of people with disability composed of

7 members proposed by district groups of people with disability.

- The constitution should provide that 5% of senior positions in private and government sector should be preserved for the disabled.
- The constitution should provide for a census for the disabled persons.
- The constitution should provide for free education to the disabled children.
- The constitution should provide for friendlier words when addressing the disabled.
- The constitution should provide that facilities for the disabled be tax-free.
- The constitution should provide equal employment opportunities for the disabled. (3)
- The constitution should protect the disabled against violence.
- The constitution should provide that the government employ interpreters in courts, hospitals and other public offices including the media.
- The constitution should provide for establishment of schools for the orphans. (3)
- The constitution should provide for setting up a fund for street children.
- The constitution should provide that the government should educate street children. (3)
- The constitution should guarantee and protect the rights of children. (6)
- The constitution should abolish child labor.
- The constitution should protect and guarantee the right of widows. (2)
- The constitution should protect the rights of the marginalize groups. (2)
- The constitution should protect and provide for the elderly. (4)
- The constitution should provide for affirmative action to increase the number of women in parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that prisoners be detained only after appearing before a court of law.
- The constitution should ensure that prisoners have a right to see and talk to his/her family.
- The constitution should ensure that prisoners are guaranteed their rights to food, water and overcrowding. (2)

5.3.15. **LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS**

- The constitution should provide that the government has ultimate land ownership.
- The constitution should provide that the individual have ultimate land ownership. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the local communities have ultimate land ownership. (2)
- The constitution should empower the government with powers to compulsorily acquire private land, which is not put to use by the owners.
- The constitution should have the power to acquire land occupied by Orias at Remba Island.
- The constitution should provide that if the government wishes to acquire private land they should buy it from the owners at a required price.
- The constitution should provide that the state has powers to control the use of land by owners.
- The constitution should ensure that the less fortunate people of the society be prohibited from selling their land by the government.
- The constitution should provide that the government enforce individuals to put land to use and not just leave it idle.
- The constitution should provide that land be used for income generating activities.
- The constitution should provide that idle land be taxed.

- The constitution should protect the Lambwe valley settlement from grabbing.
- The constitution should provide that individuals in settlement schemes be issued with title deeds.
- The constitution should ensure that boundaries of Lambwe valley be left intact. (3)
- The constitution should provide that land owners be issued with title deeds. (3)
- The constitution should provide that land disputes be handled in courts.
- The constitution should provide that land disputes be handled by the Ministry of Lands.
- The constitution should provide that when one dies and there's no one to inherit the land, the land should go to the local authorities.
- The constitution should provide that in land disputes where one party has already developed the land the status quo should be maintained.
- The constitution should provide that clan elders should be allowed to arbitrate over land matters and be included in land control boards.
- The constitution should set a ceiling on land ownership by an individual. (3)
- The constitution should simplify procedures of land transfer. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the government clearly defines land boundaries.
- The constitution should provide that the government reduces fees required to obtain title deeds.
- The constitution should provide that women and men have equal access to land. (6)
- The constitution should provide that title deeds should bear names of spouses. (4)
- The constitution should ensure that Lake Victoria be utilized by people living around or near it, by abolishing the 1929 treaty between the British and Egyptians. (7)
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans own land anywhere in the country.
- The constitution should establish more settlement schemes to settle the landless.
- The constitution should guarantee access to land to every Kenyan.
- The constitution should provide that the local government should protect trust land.
- The constitution should ensure that the government set aside public land to set up public service facilities i.e. schools and hospitals.

5.3.16. **CULTURAL, ETHNIC AND REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS**

- The constitution should protect and promote cultural and ethnic diversity. (5)
- The constitution should provide that all wives in a polygamous family should be recognized by law and issued with a marriage certificate.
- The constitution should uphold all cultural values.
- The constitution should ensure that positive traditional values be protected to enhance a desired society.
- The constitution should provide that cultural values and practices like slaughtering of cattle during funerals be stopped.
- The constitution should establish measures to curb negative ethnicity, which translates into cutthroat competition for the control of power.
- The constitution should protect against the discriminatory aspect of culture. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the abolition of dowry payment as cultural practice.
- The constitution should provide that polygamy should be outlawed.
- The constitution should outlaw customary law and other harmful practices.
- The constitution should outlaw wife inheritance
- The constitution should outlaw female genital mutilation.

- The constitution should protect women against the discriminatory aspect of culture i.e. wife inheritance and female genital mutilation. (7)
- The constitution should provide the Kiswahili language to be national language.
- The constitution should provide for English and Kiswahili be national languages.
- The constitution should provide for sign language be a national language.

5.3.17. **MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES**

- The constitution should provide that the government should levy tax on business to supplement provision of expenditure on education.
- The constitution should provide for equal distribution of the infrastructure. (2)
- The constitution should establish mechanisms to ensure equal distribution of national resources to enhance equal development. (5)
- The constitution should provide that local resources should be shared between the local government and the central government. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the government be required to apportion benefits from resources between the central government i.e. 40% and the 60% be given to the communities where such resources are located.
- The constitution should provide that the office of the auditor and the controller general should be assigned prosecution powers for people who misuse public funds. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the Auditor General be at least 45 years and should serve for 5 years.
- The constitution should provide that the KRA be under the office of the Controller and Auditor General.
- The constitution should provide that parliament appoints the Auditor General.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should put in place checks and balances to control and manage public finances.
- The constitution should provide that parliament establishes a commission to control management and use of public finance.
- The constitution should ensure that parliament have access to audit councils accounts.
- The constitution should provide for an independent revenue collection body.
- The constitution should provide that tenders should be awarded on merit and work done should be assessed and given time frame longevity.
- The constitution should provide that pension for civil servants should be renewed after 3 years.
- The constitution should provide that civil servants should be appointed on 10-year renewable contracts to improve efficiency.
- The constitution should ensure that ministers be professionals in their respective ministries.
- The constitution should review salaries of workers in the public service.
- The constitution should provide that employment be on merit to the public service. (2)
- The constitution should provide that public servants be given adequate pension package which should be reviewed every five years.
- The constitution should provide for harmonization of salaries with the excesses being distributed to people earning very little money.
- The constitution should provide that anyone found guilty of corruption should not hold any public office.
- The constitution should provide that public servants wishing to contest for elections

should not be forced to resign 6 months before the elections.

- The constitution should provide that parliament should appoint a commission to appoint senior public servants.
- The constitution should restrict public servants from practicing personalized leadership.
- The constitution should provide that cabinet ministers should not follow the president at functions.
- The constitution should provide that a minister or any public officer under investigation for an offence in should relinquish their job positions.
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary aspirants should declare their wealth.
- The constitution should provide that civil servants should declare their wealth before taking public office. (2)

5.3.18. **ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES**

- The constitution should provide that all forests should be gazetted. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a law to govern recycling of harmful industrial products.
- The constitution should provide that the chiefs have power to enforce environmental protection laws.
- The constitution should provide that communities recycle non-biodegradable substances.
- The constitution should provide that the local residents play a role in management and protection of natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that communities be given first preference in managing and benefiting from local natural resources.
- The constitution should provide for the local people to manage the natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that the office of the President under the provincial administration have the responsibility of managing and protecting natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that the government has the responsibility of managing and protecting natural resources. (4)
- The constitution should provide that outsiders pay a levy fee for the use of waters of Lake Victoria.
- The constitution should provide for all the natural resources to be protected by the state.
- The constitution should provide for lake users to take insurance cover.

5.3.19. **PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE**

- The constitution should provide that NGO's and other organized groups play a role in governance.
- The constitution should provide that NGOs give funds directly to members of a particular project.
- The constitution should provide that the media should not be limited to broadcast by the government.
- The constitution should provide that religious leaders should be included in all the arms of the government.
- The constitution should provide for the community to elect a chairman to the District Development Board.
- The constitution should provide that women who should take leadership positions should be 60 years.

- The constitution should provide for women to be involved in policy making.
- The constitution should ensure that women have a role in governance.
- The constitution should provide that cultural values, which downplay women in governance, be abolished.
- The constitution should ensure that church leaders play a role in governance in terms of community development. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the language of the constitution should be simple for all people to understand and to promote participation in governance.

5.3.20. **INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

- The constitution should provide that ambassadors representing the executive in foreign affairs be limited only to where Kenyans have interests.
- The constitution should provide that the International Labor Organizations proposals of full time work of 8 hours a day have automatic effect in the domestic law.
- The constitution should provide that the Asian community should be restricted to industry-oriented businesses.

5.3.21. **CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES**

- The constitution should establish a department for the disabled in the Ministry of Culture and Social Services.
- The constitution should provide for an office of the ombudsman at the district level and his recommendations to be taken up by the attorney general.
- The constitution should provide that Ombudsman have offices at the district level.
- The constitution should establish the office of Ombudsman. (5)
- The constitution should establish a Human Rights Commission.
- The constitution should establish a Gender Commission
- The constitution should provide for establishment of an anti-corruption authority under the A.Gs. Office
- The constitution should establish a salaries commission to determine salaries of various employees in an organization. (2)
- The constitution should provide that there should be a budget office to check the powers of treasury.
- The constitution should provide that any commission formed report their findings publicly.
- The constitution should provide that the gender commission deal with issues concerning women.
- The constitution should ensure that the salaries commission bridge the gap between the highly and low paid citizens.
- The constitution should provide that the land commission be given allowances to top corruption.
- The constitution should provide for a minister of justice and constitutional affairs.

5.3.22. **SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER**

- The constitution should provide that a president should be sworn in immediately after elections.

- The constitution should provide for a new president to be sworn in 2 months after elections
- The constitution should guarantee presidential immunity after retirement.
- The constitution should provide that after retirement the president shall be provided with state security, state pension and a lump sum payment.
- The constitution should provide that retired presidents should not be allowed to hold any elective post.

5.3.23. **WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

- The constitution should entrench women's rights.
- The constitution should provide that women should have a right to own property. (4)
- The constitution should provide for non-discrimination of women in inheritance matters.
- The constitution should provide that women have a right to inheritance and succession. (13)
- The constitution should provide that in a polygamous marriage all the wives should enjoy equal right of inheritance. (2)
- The constitution should not allow divorce amongst married couples.
- The constitution should provide that dowry payments be done by the men. (2)
- The constitution should provide that men have legal custody to children incase of divorce provided he paid the dowry.
- The constitution should restrict men to only two wives.
- The constitution should recognize marriage as an institution that portrays a Godly attitude.
- The constitution should provide that fathers ensure women of child support and maintenance. (4)
- The constitution should provide that men who impregnate girls be forced to marry them and provide child support.
- The constitution should prohibit domestic violence. (3)
- The constitution should provide for protection of women against domestic violence. (2)

5.3.24. **INTERNATIONAL**

- The constitution should ensure that aids and grants from donor agencies be properly accounted for and put into correct use.

5.3.25. **ECONOMIC LIBERALIZATION**

- The constitution should ensure that the government controls prices of commodities. (5)

5.3.26. **POVERTY REDUCTION**

- The constitution should provide that the government establishes mechanisms to eradicate poverty. (2)

5.3.27. **PHYSICAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE**

- The constitution should ensure that the government ensures equal distribution of

infrastructure to all parts of the country.

- The constitution should ensure that the government supplies electricity to all parts of the country. (4)
- The constitution should provide for rural electrification in all the districts.
- The constitution should provide that the government should provide infrastructure between the islands to be maintained by the people.

5.3.28. **INSURANCE**

- The constitution should establish a mandatory National Social Health Insurance.
- The constitution should provide that insurance firms be vetted by government bodies to avoid defrauding of citizens.

5.3.29. **HIV AIDS**

- The constitution should ensure that the government creates AIDS awareness in the country.
- The constitution should establish mechanisms to curb the spread of AIDS.
- The constitution should provide that the government fund organizations that are dealing with AIDS epidemic.

5.3.30. **PUBLIC SAFETY**

- The constitution should provide that arrests should be done by uniformed police officers.
- The constitution should provide for the Navy to be stationed in Lake Victoria to provide security and protection against attacks from neighboring countries.
- The constitution should provide for a check on arbitrary arrest by police. (2)
- The constitution should protect all citizens against police harassment. (4)
- The constitution should ensure that the police force be decentralized to local authorities.
- The constitution should establish highway police patrols.
- The constitution should provide that all businessmen /women be issued with guns.

5.3.31. **CORRUPTION**

- The constitution should establish measures to eradicate corruption. (5)
- The constitution should provide that anyone found guilty of corruption be jailed and forced to pay back all the money.
- The constitution should eradicate corruption in the fishing industry.
- The constitution should provide for stiffer penalties for lawyers found guilty of squandering client's money.

5.3.32. **AGRICULTURE AND LIVESTOCK**

- The constitution should allow people living near Lk. Victoria utilize the waters for irrigation. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the government exploit the wealth of Black Cotton soil to enhance agriculture.
- The constitution should establish marketing boards to regulate and manage the sale of

cash crops.

5.3.33. **MANUFACTURING**

- The constitution should encourage the establishment of industries near the source of raw materials.

5.3.34. **EDUCATION**

- The constitution should provide that heads of schools, deputies and heads of department should be housed in schools. (2)
- The constitution should for the recruitment of more Muslim teachers to teach Islam.
- The constitution should provide that caning in schools should be maintained to promote discipline.
- The constitution should provide for interdiction of teachers with illicit relationships with students.
- The constitution should provide for abolition of child labor as well as corporal punishment in schools.
- The constitution should provide that teachers appoint their principles and their deputies.
- The constitution should ensure that government pays pre-primary teachers. (3)
- The constitution should reduce secondary school fees.
- The constitution should ensure that the single education system is retained.
- The constitution should provide for the re-introduction of the 7-6-3-education system.
- The constitution should ensure that the government have full control of all public schools.
- The constitution should provide that the government establishes enough schools in the country.
- The constitution should ensure that the government gives enough funds to schools.
- The constitution should provide for corporal punishment for the purposes of discipline purposes.
- The constitution should ensure that the government establishes more schools for the deaf.
- The constitution should provide that the curriculum taught in schools for the handicapped e relevant to them.
- The constitution should provide that teachers retire at the age of 50 years.
- The constitution should provide that promotion of teachers depend on the number of years served and should be on merit.
- The constitution should be included as part of the education curriculum.
- The constitution should provide that the minimum education qualification for teachers in the teachers training colleges be grade D+.
- The constitution should ensure that the government establishes universities in every province.
- The constitution should require the government to provide facilities to schools.
- The constitution should provide that the government limits the number of schools being established.
- The constitution should provide for the enhancement of the education curriculum to enhance teaching of more practical subjects.
- The constitution should ensure that secondary education be made more affordable.

- The constitution should provide that nursery school education be under the Ministry of Education.
- The constitution should ensure that education services are decentralized.
- The constitution should provide that schools be adequately staffed with qualified teachers.
- The constitution should provide that sign language be used in schools to accommodate the deaf.
- The constitution should provide that Islamic education be taught in schools as an option for all Islamic students.
- The constitution should put in place a fee structure that is applicable to all schools.
- The constitution should ensure that HELB services be accessible to all students.
- The constitution should provide that a panel as opposed to a BOG should appoint teachers.
- The constitution should provide teachers should be appointed on merit.
- The constitution should provide that public universities should be independent of the executive and should elect their own chancellors.

5.3.35. **PUBLIC FINANCE (FISCAL POLICY)**

- The constitution should enforce a supplementary levy on business to supplement government revenue.
- The constitution should provide that the government reduce the number of harambees held by administrative officers but instead deduct a certain amount from tax to enhance development projects at community level.
- The constitution should provide that donations and aids be used for the specified purpose.
- The constitution should ensure that there is equitable disbursement of constituency allowances by electing committee to avoid misappropriation of funds.

5.3.36. **MONETARY POLICY**

- The constitution should ensure that women obtain loans on their own ability without the consent of their husbands.
- The constitution should provide that the image of the president should not appear on the currency rather a symbol.

5.3.37. **HEALTH**

- The constitution should provide that the government establishes programs to teach the youth on matters relating to health and family life.
- The constitution should ensure that the government establishes hospitals in the local communities.
- The constitution should ensure that all citizens are provided with quality health care.
- The constitution should ensure that the government deals with tse tse flies in Labwe Valley. (2)
- The constitution should not allow doctors to have private clinics.
- The constitution should establish a medical scheme to cater for accident victims who are no covered with insurance.

5.3.38. **TOURISM**

- The constitution should facilitate for the enhancement of tourism in the Lambwe Valley and Ruma national park.
- The constitution should provide that the suba district be included in the tourism circuit.

5.3.39. **INFORMATION COMMUNICATION AND TECHNOLOGY**

- The constitution should restrict newspapers that encourage tribalism in their publications.
- The constitution should entrench the media bill that has been recently passed.

5.3.40. **SMALL ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT**

- The constitution should provide that the jua kali sector should be strengthened to improve the economy.

5.3.41. **TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION**

- The constitution should ensure that the government improves the transport system.

5.3.42. **FISHING**

- The constitution should restrict fishing in certain grounds to preserve certain species for future supply by creating fishing and non-fishing zones.
- The constitution should protect the fishing industry. (2)
- The constitution should provide that loans should be advanced to fishermen.
- The constitution should provide that middlemen should not dictate fish markets.
- The constitution should provide for a provision on use of lake Victoria and that all fish industries should be done locally.
- The constitution should provide for insurance facility for engine boats in lake Victoria.
- The constitution should provide for engine boats to access harbors.

5.3.43. **NATIONAL**

- The constitution should provide that during the national census the number of the disabled be indicated.

5.3.44. **STATUTORY LAW**

- The constitution should legalize traditional alcoholic brews. (3)
- The constitution should legalize the ownership of firearms.
- The constitution should legalize abortion.

- The constitution should provide that thieves be jailed for 30 years and life imprisonment be the maximum sentence.

5.3.45. **GENDER EQUITY**

- The constitution should provide that both men and women be treated equally. (5)
- The constitution should provide that all public posts be gender balanced.

5.3.46. **ECONOMIC/SOCIAL JUSTICE**

- The constitution should provide that citizens be compensated due to wrong victimization and violation of their rights by security forces.
- The constitution should provide that those who die due to disasters in Lake Victoria. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that employees who are injured at their places of work be compensated.

5.3.47. **NATURAL JUSTICE/RULE OF LAW**

- The constitution should ensure that all citizens uphold the rule of law.

5.3.48. **NATIONAL IDENTITY/INTEGRITY**

- The constitution should provide for a national dress.

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

1. Hon Gerald Otieno Kajwang MP
2. Lawrence Odira Anyango DC
3. Cllr. Narkisho Okanga Miregi
4. Robert Ochola Omogi
5. George Onyongo Odhiambo
6. Ezekiel Odera Kamayo
7. Tobias Otunga
8. Agnes awiti Augo(Mrs)
9. Sabina Oganga (Mrs)
10. Beatrice Achieng Mrende

Appendix 2: Civic education providers (CEPs)

1. Wakawa women group
2. Paga women group
3. Bung kwach self help group
4. Wanyalochwe self help group
5. Agoko self help group
6. God jope youth group
7. Suba development youth group
8. Kati elders group
9. Mbita ACK deanery
10. Ogongo juakali group
11. Ecumenical civic education programme

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

1	0016OSMNY	Anonymous	CBO	Written	Wakawa Women Group
2	0031OSMNY	Barack A Ongeny	CBO	Written	Bungkwach SH Group
3	0033OSMNY	Benjamin Onyango O	CBO	Written	NCKK
4	0032OSMNY	Bernard Apondo Arunga	CBO	Written	Lambwe Christian School for
5	0028OSMNY	Chamluchi W G	CBO	Written	Chamluchi Women Group
6	0039OSMNY	Charles K Olelo	CBO	Written	Wanyende Youth Dev. Group
7	0020OSMNY	Clement Ogutu O	CBO	Written	Youth Initiative
8	0027OSMNY	Daniel Otieno	CBO	Written	Ramba Beach M Unit
9	0022OSMNY	Dismas Otieno JKB	CBO	Written	Wanyande Youth Group
10	0038OSMNY	Elkana Sangoro O	CBO	Written	Oruma Farm Youth Group
11	0001OSMNY	Florence Khatete	CBO	Written	Wanyande Youth Dev. Group
12	0009OSMNY	Fredrick Opiyo Gwala	CBO	Memorandum	Agoko Self Help Group
13	0025OSMNY	George M Owanyuro	CBO	Written	Suba District Disabled Netwo
14	0015OSMNY	George O Ngoro	CBO	Written	Suba Dev. Center
15	0035OSMNY	Hellen Nyawasa	CBO	Written	Paga Women Group
16	0007OSMNY	John O Osondo	CBO	Written	Suba District Disabled Netwo
17	0013OSMNY	Josphat Kagungu	CBO	Written	Millenium Rescue SH Group
18	0002OSMNY	Joyce A Henga	CBO	Written	MYWO
19	0034OSMNY	Maurice O Bwana	CBO	Written	Suba Dev. Youth Group
20	0010OSMNY	N. Okanga Miregi.	CBO	Memorandum	Mbita Town Council
21	0005OSMNY	Naphtali Nyabaso	CBO	Written	Ogongo Jua Kali Group
22	0019OSMNY	Otieno Beatrice F	CBO	Written	Young Mothers Women Group
23	0012OSMNY	Paul O Omondi	CBO	Written	KNUT Suba Branch
24	0006OSMNY	Penina Alice Orwa	CBO	Written	MYWO Mbita Division
25	0017OSMNY	Peter Oyugi J	CBO	Written	Rugelo Fishing SH Group
26	0011OSMNY	Pr. Moses Oyengo	CBO	Written	Mulembe Self Help Group
27	0018OSMNY	R.P. Onyango	CBO	Written	Kamaiti Dev.
28	0040ismny	Richard Abong'o	CBO	Oral - Public he	
29	0021OSMNY	Richard O Abongo	CBO	Written	ICAD
30	0026OSMNY	Samuel Nyakiya	CBO	Memorandum	Suba Community Services
31	0084ISMNY	Abednego O. Odiembo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
32	0085ISMNY	Abuoga Maureen	Individual	Oral - Public he	
33	0057ISMNY	Aloice O Osunga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
34	0020ISMNY	Alphonce Amisi Kirui	Individual	Written	
35	0079ISMNY	Amos K. Otieno	Individual	Oral - Public he	
36	0034ISMNY	Anonymous	Individual	Oral - Public he	
37	0077ISUNY	Anonymous	Individual	Oral - Public he	
38	0002ISMNY	Beatrice Achieng	Individual	Written	
39	0081ISMNY	Bernard Oloo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
40	0017ISMNY	Bernard Owuor Otieno	Individual	Written	
41	0059ISMNY	Betty I Mbita	Individual	Oral - Public he	
42	0037ISMNY	Caphis Otieno Were	Individual	Oral - Public he	
43	0073ISMNY	Caren Anyango	Individual	Oral - Public he	
44	0056ISMNY	Catherine Obunga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
45	0006ISMNY	Charles O Were	Individual	Written	
46	0014ISMNY	Cllr. Suleiman Adagala	Individual	Written	
47	0018ISMNY	Collins D Okeyo	Individual	Written	

48	0033ISMNY	David O Nyaranda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
49	0041ISMNY	Dr. Ochieng R.S.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
50	0065ISMNY	Duncan Luke Ouma	Individual	Oral - Public he	
51	0086ISMNY	E.A Ongei	Individual	Oral - Public he	
52	0078ISMNY	Edwin Maungah	Individual	Oral - Public he	
53	0010ISMNY	Elijah Arot Sonye	Individual	Written	
54	0063ISMNY	Emily Odiwour	Individual	Oral - Public he	
55	0025ISMNY	Ephie Khatete	Individual	Written	
56	0080ISMNY	Eric Mbita O.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
57	0068ISMNY	Erick Odhiambo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
58	0042ISMNY	Erick Oduor Obwanda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
59	0003ISMNY	Ezekiel Odera Kamayo	Individual	Written	
60	0070ISMNY	Felix Marowe	Individual	Oral - Public he	
61	0083ISMNY	Florence Adhiambo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
62	0051ISMNY	Fred O Nyangweso	Individual	Oral - Public he	
63	0019ISMNY	Geoffrey Otieno Owour	Individual	Written	
64	0007ISMNY	George N Omweri	Individual	Written	
65	0064ISMNY	Harrison O.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
66	0008ISMNY	Henry S Onam	Individual	Written	
67	0058ISMNY	Hezron O Kawaka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
68	0004ISMNY	Hon. Otieno Kajwang	Individual	Memorandum	
69	0026ISMNY	J.M. Masira	Individual	Written	
70	0077ISMNY	Jeremiah Okumu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
71	0021ISMNY	Joel Omino	Individual	Written	
72	0005ISMNY	John Oliech	Individual	Written	
73	0036ISMNY	John Owuor	Individual	Oral - Public he	
74	0039ISMNY	Joseph Kasidhi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
75	0066ISMNY	Maureen Okelo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
76	0044ISMNY	Michael Otieno Ongongo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
77	0035ISMNY	Mohamed Kasim	Individual	Oral - Public he	
78	0062ISMNY	Monica Okoth	Individual	Oral - Public he	
79	0029ISMNY	Nelson Okumu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
80	0067ISMNY	Nereah Orina	Individual	Oral - Public he	
81	0074ISMNY	Obote O Oguta	Individual	Oral - Public he	
82	0030ISMNY	Odhiambo Ayot	Individual	Oral - Public he	
83	0050ISMNY	Ogeya J Otieno	Individual	Oral - Public he	
84	0031ISMNY	Okoth G F Bor	Individual	Oral - Public he	
85	0069ISMNY	Omondi Ogot	Individual	Oral - Public he	
86	0049ISMNY	Omoro Chris P	Individual	Oral - Public he	
87	0032ISMNY	Osingo Ogure	Individual	Oral - Public he	
88	0055ISMNY	Osodo H Ouma	Individual	Oral - Public he	
89	0054ISMNY	Osodo W Oluoch	Individual	Oral - Public he	
90	0016ISMNY	Patrick Lumumba	Individual	Written	
91	0076ISMNY	Peter O Obwogo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
92	0023ISMNY	Peter Ogwang Akam	Individual	Written	
93	0045ISMNY	Peter Okoth	Individual	Oral - Public he	
94	0027ISMNY	Petronila Achieng Lumum	Individual	Written	
95	0038ISMNY	Philemon Agwaro	Individual	Oral - Public he	
96	0009ISMNY	Philister A Ogutu	Individual	Written	
97	0075ISMNY	Samson Onyango Agwara	Individual	Oral - Public he	
98	0072ISMNY	Samuel Abwoka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
99	0015ISMNY	Samuel Olero	Individual	Written	
100	0071ISMNY	Solomon N. Oluenda	Individual	Oral - Public he	

101	0082ISMNY	Stephen Odero	Individual	Oral - Public he	
102	0060ISMNY	Susan Kawaka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
103	0087ISMNY	Sylas Ogweno	Individual	Oral - Public he	
104	0043ISMNY	Tom Onyango Oketch	Individual	Oral - Public he	
105	0011ISMNY	Victor Odero Okoth	Individual	Written	
106	0022ISMNY	Zakaria A Asiyo	Individual	Written	
107	0028ISMNY	Zipporah Akong'o	Individual	Written	
108	0014OSMNY	Anonymous	Other Institutions	Written	Lambwe School for the Deaf
109	0023OSMNY	Anonymous	Other Institutions	Written	Wakula School
110	0003OSMNY	Daniel O. Okeyo.	Other Institutions	Written	Waondo Sec. School
111	0004OSMNY	Ezekiel Odera Kamayo	Other Institutions	Written	Lambwe
112	0008OSMNY	George A Bade	Other Institutions	Written	Kati Elders Group
113	0024OSMNY	Ruth Akinyi Atieno	Other Institutions	Written	Ramba School
114	0037OSMNY	Anonymous	Religious Organisation	Written	Obalwanda 'B' ACK
115	0029OSMNY	Eric Otieno Adede	Religious Organisation	Written	SDA Ruri District
116	0036OSMNY	Manasseh Wasonga O	Religious Organisation	Written	ACK Ogongo Parish
117	0030OSMNY	Naftali N Nyabasi	Religious Organisation	Written	ACK Ogongo Church

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

No.	Name	Address	No.	Name	Address
1	Penina AliceOrwa	P.O. Box 296, Mbita	91	Ezekiel Odera	P.O. Box 37, Ogongo
2	Faith A. Ogweno	P.O. Box 296, Mbita	92	Ramawus Ojwang Abade	P.O. Box 67, Mbita
3	Florence Khatete	P.O. Box 130, Mbita	93	Tobias Otunga	P.O. Box 34, Mbiga
4	Beatrice M. Achieng	P.O. Box 127, Homa Bay	94	Dismas Otieno	P.O. Box 130, Mbita
5	Joyce A. Henga	P.O. Box 100, Ogongo	95	Andrew Ochka	P.O. Box 30, Mbita
6	Naphtali N. Nyabasi	P.O. Box 5, Ogongo	96	Andrew Orwa Ooko	P.O. Box 8, Mbita
7	Odhiambo P. Ayot	P.O. Box 132, Mbita	97	Jackline Onundo	P.O. Box 347, Mbita
8	Jacob Odhiambo	P.O. Box 363, Homa Bay	98	Jackson Agik	P.O. Box 347, Mbita
9	Kiche Oguma	P.O. Box 31, Mbita	99	Eunice Dave Nyariro	P.O. Box 347, Mbita
10	Nelson Okumu	P.O. Box 545, Homa Bay	100	Pastor Moses Oyengo	P.O. Box 6, Mbita
11	Patrick Ocheno	P.O. Box 325, Mbita	101	David Nyawanda	P.O. Box 30, Mbita
12	Daniel O. Okeyo	P.O. Box 33, Mbita	102	George Owen Ni	P.O. Box 30, Mbita
13	Samwel Ocholla	P.O. Box 127, Mbita	103	Tom Guda	P.O. Box 30, Mbita
14	John O. Ogenda	P.O. Box 52, Mbita	104	Kennedy Alera	P.O. Box 12, Ogongo
15	Jovan Magorombo	P.O. Box 124, Mbita	105	Meshark O. Okumu	P.O. Box 12, Ogongo
16	John O. Osodo	P.O. Box 60, Mbita	106	James OmondiKongere	P.O. Box 30, Mbita
17	George A. Bade	P.O. Box 20, Ogongo	107	Charles O. Were	P.O.,. Box 02, Mbita
18	Fred O. Gwala	P.O. Box 163, Homa Bay	108	Henry S. Onam	P.O. Box 203, Mbita
19	Okoth G.F. Boy	P.O. Box 25, Nairobi	109	Cornel Oliech Oduma	P.O. Box 52, Ogongo
20	George O. Kongoru	P.O. Box 52, Mbita	110	Peter Otieno	P.O. Box 62, Mbita
21	Bernard O. matinde	P.O. Box 309, Mbita	111	R.P. Onyango	P.O. Box 250, Mbita
22	James O. Ombui	P.O. Box 297, Mbita	112	Clement O. Ochieng	P.O. Box 339, Mbita
23	Naum O. Kila	P.O. Box 191, Mbita	113	Joab Oguta Oyoolo	P.O. Box 14, Mbita
24	George Okeyo	P.O. Box 150, Mbita	114	Victor Odero	P.O. Box 130, Mbita
25	Beatrice Okinyi	P.O. Box 81, Mbita	115	Mr. Genge O. Migure	P.O. Box 67, Mbita
26	Florence B. Otieno	P.O. Box 62, Mbita	116	Tom Ocholla	P.O. Box 347, Mbita
27	Hon. Otieno Kajwang'	P.O. Box 48358, Nairobi	117	Josephat Kagungu	P.O. Box 111, Mbita
28	Cllr. Ongonga Oyuko	P.O. Mfangano	118	Joseph Kasioki	P.O. Box 30, Mbita
29	Maurice Tabu	P.O. Box 12, Mbita	119	Philster Ogutu	P.O. Box 280, Mbita
30	Charles Adiang	P.O.Box 65, Mbita	120	John Jalango	P.O. Box 146, Mbita
31	Elijah A. Sonye	P.O. Box 130, Homa Bay	121	Peter Okoth	P.O. Mfangano
32	Cyriacus K. Otieno	P.O. Box 325, Mbita	122	Omores Chris	P.O. Mfangano
33	Margaret A. Okomo	P.O. Box 52, Mbita	123	Ogeya J. Otieno	P.O. Mfangano
34	John Owino	P.O. Box 315, Mbita	124	Fred Nyangweso	P.O. Mfangano
35	Elkana S. Ogolla	P.O. Box 309, Mbita	125	Daniel Otieno Odero	P.O. Mfangano
36	John Owuor	P.O. Box 119, Mbita	126	Osodo Watama O.	P.O. Nyahera
37	Paul Onyonyi	P.O. Box 300, Mbita	127	Osodo Henry Ouma	P.O. Mfangano
38	Jackim O. Amayo	P.O. Box 300, Mbita	128	Munyao Owanyagoro O.	P.O. Box 60, Mbita
39	Cephas O. Were	P.O. Box 6, Mbita	129	Samuel Nyakiya	P.O. Mfangano
40	Philemon Agwaro	P.O. Box 300, Mbita	130	Harrison O. Ongonga	P.O. Nyakueri
41	Raphael Okoth Not	P.O. Box 54, Mbita	131	Duncan Luke Ouma	P.O. Mfangano
42	Daniel Owino	P.O. Box 54, Mbita	132	Michael O. Ongonga	P.O. Mfangano
43	Mohamed Kasim	P.O. Box 118, Mbita	133	Sulman Ogweno Nyakiyo	P.O. Mfangano

44	Cllr. Okanga Miregi	P.O. Box 347, Mbita	134	Cllr. Samwel Agagwa	P.O. Box 145, Mbita
45	Simon Kadipo	P.O. Box 21, Mbita	135	Cllr. Suleiman Adagala	P.O. Mfangano
46	Charles Olelo	P.O. Box 130, Mbita	136	Obote C. Oguta	P.O. Mfangano
47	Samson Onyango	P.O. Mfangano	137	Opiyo Charles	P.O. Mfangano
48	Smwel Olero	P.O. Box 139, Sindo	138	Maurice Oguta	P.O. Mfangano
49	Walter O. Bunde	P.O. Box 312, Mbita	139	Mariko Otieno	P.O. Mfangano
50	Odiwuor Willingstone	P.O. Mfangano	140	Domtilla Oyugi	P.O. Mfangano
51	Kennedy Orwa	P.O. Mfangano	141	Florence Akiny	P.O. Mfangano
52	Daniel Orengo	P.O. Ramba	142	Salmon Otieno	P.O. Mfangano
53	Canca Anyango Nduma	Northj Karumba	143	Philip Ochieng	P.O. Mfangano
54	Nick Ochieng	P.O. Mfangano	144	Walter Ayako	P.O. Mfangano
55	Peter Onyango	P.O. Mfangano	145	Masimo Mikala	P.O. Mfangano
56	John Wanzala	P.O. Mfangano	146	S.M. Ojwang	P.O. Mfangano
57	Millicent Okeyo	P.O. Mfangano	147	Betty I. Mbita	P.O. Mfangano
58	Grace Otieno	P.O. Mfangano	148	Carina Agunda	P.O. Mfangano
59	Maurice Okello	P.O. Mfangano	149	Agnes Ajwang'	P.O. Mfangano
60	Geoffrey O. Owuor	P.O. Mfangano	150	Joseph Okinyi	P.O. Mfangano
61	Isack Odhiambo	P.O. Mfangano	151	Jane Selco	P.O. Mfangano
62	Lucas O. Ogutu	P.O. Mfangano	152	Benard O.Otieno	P. O. Mfangano East
63	Elsa Ongei	P.O. Mfangano	153	Joyce Atieno	Soklo North
64	Joseph Abong'o	P.O. Mfangano	154	Charles Sikweya	Soklo North
65	Lazarus Omollo	P.O. Mfangano	155	Jim Obara	Kakimba
66	Patrick Limumba	P.O. Mfangano	156	Otem Odhiambo	Kakimba
67	Elly Okinyi	P.O. Mfangano	157	Daminus Ouma	Kakimba
68	Silas Ogweno	P.O. Mfangano	158	Florence Manyala	Kakimba
69	Johnson A. Ogolla	P.O. Mfangano	159	Daniel Okong'o	Kakimba
70	Benard Sungu	Wakinga	160	Julius Obara	P.O. Mfangano
71	Jeremiah Okumu	P.O. Box 332, Mbita	161	Kennedy Fungo	P.O. Mfangano
72	Felix Ochieng Marowe	P.O. Mfangano	162	Maranda Wyclife	P.O. Mfangano
73	Omondi Ogot	P.O. Mfangano	163	Daniel Okeyo	P.O. Mfangano
74	Erick Odhiambo	P.O. Mfangano	164	Donuel Ogweno Okech	P.O. Mfangano
75	Peter O.Obwogo	P.O. Mfangano	165	Maurice Owiny	P.O. Box 200, Ndhiwa
76	Maurice Okello	P.O. Mfangano	166	Okumu Daniel	P.O. Mfangano
77	Lilly O. Airo	P.O. Mfangano	167	Jared O. Okeyo	P.O. Mfangano
78	Dripha Nerea	P.O. Mfangano	168	Peter Ogweno	P.O. Mfangano
79	Ruth Otieno	P.O. Mfangano	169	Erick Mbita Ogola	P.O. Mfangano
80	Washington Ogutu	P.O. Mfangano	170	Odero Okelo	Ndhiwa
81	Owino Ongeyi	P.O. Mfangano	171	S.K. Ogola Otieno	N/A
82	Paul Mikoka	Kakimba	172	Bernad O. Oloo	P.O. Mfangano
83	Washington Ogutu	Kakimba	173	Denis W. Ayonga Ayub	P.O. Mfangano
84	Johnson Odhiambo	Masis	174	Aloice O. Osunga	P.O. Mfangano
85	Cathyrine Obunga	P.O. Mfangano	175	Hezron O. Kwaka	P.O. Mfangano
86	Caroline Gitau	P.O. Mfangano	176	Abednego O. Odiembo	P.O. Mfangano
87	Collins Okeyo	P.O. Box 41, Mfangano	177	Lumumba P.F. Ogutu	P.O. Mfangano
88	Shadrack Gaga	P.O. Box 41, Mbita	178	Johnson Odhiambo	N/A
89	Alphonse Amini	P.O. Sondu	179	Paul Mutoka	N/A

